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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL XXI NO 146 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1933 TWELVE PAGES

CONGRESS TO TAKE UP ANDAMANS QUESTION

Out Of The Gloaming.

Even the immaculate Servants of India Society has not escaped the gambling craze in Bombay, judging from the confessions of Mr. N. M. Joshi in London, and at a place which was Gandhiji's home for a time!

* * * *

But while Bombay gambles for money, Mr. Joshi's stakes were higher. He wants a change of masters, and with that view he joined the R.T.C. and the J.P.C. There's no knowing what these gamblers will do when the passion takes hold of them!

For who can tell to what Red Hell
Their sightless souls may stray?

* * * *

The post-war period saw gambling at its zenith, for a costly war left the profiteers with large bank balances which they wanted to double or treble the soonest possible. But, alas, the fever has left an anaemic and prostrate world, which the W.E.C. is trying to set on its feet again.

* * * *

The world is evidently oscillating, according to the whim of its many rulers, between deflation and inflation. All these days it was deflation and now it is inflation. Between the two the Indian agriculturist is left just deflated.

* * * *

Though the agriculturist in this land of chronic poverty is "left nothing to buy the necessities" he has got enough to pay for the Government's necessities, however costly. There is always some consolation in having an ignorant uneducated and depressed taxpayer.

* * * *

Sir Henry Strakosch complained that the Indian peasant was left with nothing to buy the necessities after he had met the "fixed charges" and that he was unable to purchase personal comforts. But he has the satisfaction of maintaining the costliest bureaucracy the world has ever seen, including Strakosch.

* * * *

The only pleasant thing about this beautiful programme is that while the "fixed charges" remain fixed for ever, the ryots necessities vary with the seasonal variations. The Indian ryot has become a philosopher by hard experience. His greatest virtue is that he is dumb and won't act.

* * * *

Sir Michael O'Dwyer, of happy Punjab memory, wanted the masses to speak for themselves, since the Congressmen and others were merely exploiting their ignorance for their own purposes. The bureaucracy is happy, because it holds a power of attorney both from Providence, which has handed India to their safe-keeping, and the Indian ryot.

* * * *

Professors and padres were fashionable propagandists in wartime, when both intellect and religion were hitched to the war chariot. Now they have a greater purpose in life. Prof. Morgan has written on the dangers of federalism and safeguards in the "Morning Post."

* * * *

He will have a valuable ally in India in his anti-White Paper campaign. We ourselves have been doing our little bit towards the end, but with a professor's weight of opinion, things ought to hum.

* * * *

It should be a fine sight, the Professor pushing forward the Imperial caravan.

* * * *

The rack and the pillory were the fashionable instruments of correction in the middle ages and was reserved for Jews and heretics. Nazi Germany is running backwards, and as an earnest of what it can do it has erected a pillory for all those who "tell lies about Hitlerism." Wouldn't they like to get hold of Shaw?

* * * *

The Nazis are a humane lot, for they might as well have had a rack and an armoury of thumbscrews and hot pinchers, etc., to correct the moral obliquity of their enemies. But, perhaps, they will improve on the pillory and end up with boiling oil. As G.B.S. says, one madness leads to another.

* * * *

Landlady: "You'll have to pay your bill or leave."

Lodger: "That's very nice of you. My last landlady me do both."

MR. ANEY ASSURES BENGAL

Mahatma Improves And Puts On Weight

EYE SPECIALIST TO SEE GANDHIJI

POONA, June 21.

Mr. S. C. Mitra, M.L.A., President of the Andamans Prisoners' Relief League, has received a letter from the Secretary to Mr. M. S. Aney, Acting Congress President, assuring him that Mr. Aney would take what steps he could in this matter consistently with the policy of the Congress.

Mahatma Gandhi's weight this morning showed an increase of two pounds since Monday. His present weight is 93. He continues to take a mixed diet of fruits and milk.

Dr. Agarwal, specialist in curing imperfect sight without glasses, came to Parnakuti to-day.

But it is learnt that it has not been decided yet whether Gandhiji will be treated by him. He is coming to Parnakuti again to-morrow.—A. P.

JAPANESE DELEGATION

Officials And Businessmen Will Visit Simla For Trade Parleys

SIMLA, June 21.

No date has yet been settled for the visit of the Japanese Delegation to India, nor has its composition been decided upon, but it is believed that delegates will entirely be officials, representing the Japanese Government, as the Japanese Government is anxious to remove all misapprehensions with regard to Indo-Japan trade.

They are likely to visit Simla sometime before the Assembly session begins, so that the Commerce Member may be able to give adequate time to any important questions that may be raised.

It is not unlikely that some leading businessmen of Japan will also visit India at the same time to have an informal exchange of views with the members of the Central Legislature, and also leading businessmen in India.—A. P.

HOW TO SPEND WINDFALL EARNINGS

Not By Restoring Pay Cuts, Report Denied

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 21.

A Delhi newspaper has circulated the report that the Government of India are pleading with the Secretary of State for a full share of windfall arising out of the silver transfer to pay Britains' war debt instalment to America, and that they propose to earmark the amount towards the restoration of cut in salaries. I have ascertained that there is no truth in this statement

NEW NAZI CRUSADE

Steel Helmets Disbanded, Property Seized And Quarters Closed

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, June 21

The humiliation of Von Hugenberg, member of the Cabinet, has been completed by the dramatic suppression of his Nationalist fighting units throughout, speedily followed by the official repudiation of Von. Hugenberg's memorandum urging the return of the German Colonies and by his return to Germany.

The official reason for the disbandment is that numerous Communists are flocking to Nationalist units.

The Secret Police were active throughout the day all over the country forcibly closing the premises of Von Hugenberg's forces and stripping members of their Green Shirts and uniforms.

The typical example was in Rhineland, where his semi-military organisation, Steel Helmets, was disbanded, their quarters closed, their property seized and special Nazi Commissars appointed to reconstruct the organisation.

STOP PRESS

HOARE BOOTS POLICE

LONDON, June 21.

Sir Samuel Hoare paid a warm tribute to the splendid record of the police at the Indian Police Dinner to-night.

"Disabuse your minds, of any fear that your case will go by default. There is no member of the Committee who is not anxious not only in the interests of the service, but still more in the interests of India to take every possible step for ensuring the efficiency and integrity of the Indian police."

He declared Government's proposals for transfer of law and order were only made after a most careful study and fullest possible consultation with India authorities.—Reupter.

STOP SILVER DUMPING

Monetary Committee's Anxiety To Check Further Slump

ACCORD WANTED

Between Silver Producing Countries And Nations Like India And China

LONDON, June 21.

Far from returning to Washington shortly, it was announced to-day that Hull experts to remain in London for the whole duration of the Conference. The stabilisation proposals, however, are likely to hang fire until Moley's arrival, and even then only temporary agreement is expected. Senator Pittman's silver proposal has been shelved in deference to the feeling of the sub-committee of the Monetary Committee at to-day's secret meeting. It is felt that before Senator Pittman's proposal can be adopted means must be taken to prevent cheap silver being dumped on the market. The Committee aims at getting an accord between silver producing countries and those like India and China possessing accumulated stocks of silver.—Reuter.

ECONOMIC NON-AGGRESSION

Soviet Presents Draft Protocol

LONDON, June 21.

The "Family tree" of the World Economic Conference has been issued for the guidance of delegates and experts in consequence of the growing number of its ramifications.

From the ooriginal main body, there have already developed two principal commissions, from which sub-commissions, Committees and Sub-Committees have already sprouted, until the members appointed to them, hardly know to which bodies they are attached.

This morning's proceedings covered a multitude of matters. One outstanding matter was the receipt of a draft protocol of economic non-aggression from the Soviet Delegation following up M. Litvinoff's earlier attitude, which was immediately referred to the sub-Committee on economic Non-Aggression. A formidable Tongue-twister on the agenda of the Economic Commission—Phytopathological questions created mingled shyness and silence among the delegates.

The Chairman passed on to more prosaic sounding matter of public works.—Reuter.

Baroda.—It has been decided to convene the monsoon session of the Baroda Representative Assembly on July 27 under the presidency of Mr. Ramlal Desai, Officiating Dewan of Baroda.—A. P.

DICTATORSHIP FOR IRELAND?

Not Unlikely Judging From De Valera's Threat

WARNING TO SENATE

Constitution Amendment Bill Curtailing Upper Chamber's Powers Passed

DUBLIN, June 20.

The Dail passed the second reading of the Constitution Amendment Bill which proposes to reduce powers of the Senate to hold up legislation from 18 months to three months, by 63 votes to 39.

Mr. De Valera threatened that if the measure was not passed, Government would be obliged to rush a more drastic measure through the Dail.

Mr. Desmond Fitzgerald characterised Mr. De Valera's statement as a threat to abolish the Senate and establish dictatorship of the Free State.—Reuter.

PEACEFUL REVOLUTION IN SIAM

C.-In-C. Intent On Opening People's Assembly

(Special Cable.)

BANGKOK, June 21.

Siam experienced another peaceful revolution overnight. Phyabahol, Commander-in-Chief Army (who had led the last revolution, restricting the powers of King Prajadhipok) and who now has been turned out of the old State Council, declares has intention to open a Peoples Assembly in accordance the constitution and sent a cable to the King at Hushin, assuring him of the royalty of army, navy and people

To check the spread of communism, Prajadhipok in April, 1933 had dissolved the Assembly, and appointed a New State Council to govern, pending elections for the Assembly.

MAJOR GENERAL GRAHAM'S SUCCESSOR

Lt. Col. Russell To Fill His Post Permanantly

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, June 21.

Lt.-Col. Russel who was Director of Public Health, Madras, some time ago, and who acted for Major-General Graham last year as Public Health Commissioner of Government of India is permanently succeeding him when the latter's tenure expires on 10th December. Col. Russell is now on leave in England and is expected to return some time in August. It will be recalled that he was attached to the Royal Commission on Labour.

REFUGEES WAYLAID AND KILLED

Chinese And Tungans Sustain Heavy Casualties At Hands Of Kirghis And Turki Troops

SIMLA, June 21.

The latest news from Kashgar, says a Foreign Department Communique, shows that after the surrender of Yarkand, New City on the 26th May, arrangements were made to send to Kashgar, the Chinese and Tungans, who were in the city when it fell.

It appears that the first party of these refugees was attacked by the Kirghis and Turki troops in the desert near Kizal, and large numbers were killed. Many survivors, who reached Yangihissar were also arrested, the remainder being sent back to Yarkhand.

The second party was attacked before leaving Yarkhand, and their property was looted and some lives lost.

The Chinese and Tungans, who were previously in Yanghissar are also reported to have been killed there by the Kirkhiz troops.

Kashgar, the Old City is reported to be quiet, but the Tungans and the Chinese are uneasy at the prospect of the arrival of the Kirghiz and Khotan troops.—A. P.

POLICE CLAMOUR FOR SAFEGUARDS

Raise Bogey Of Risks In Transfer Of Law And Order

"It might be best to wind up the Indian Police Service immediately" is the threat contained in the Memorandum submitted by the Indian Police Association to the Jt. Select Committee, to force their amendments to the White Paper proposals.

After announcing their self-denying ordinance that it is not their business to enter into political controversies regarding the transfer of law and order, they officiously suggest that such transfer even under safeguards would involve gravest risks.

They have submitted a veritable chapter of safeguards which betray their utter distrust of Ministers in the coming regime. In the guise of protection, they demand right of audience with the Governor over the heads of Ministers.

(Special Cable)

LONDON, June 21.

Improvements in the White Paper proposals with a view to ensuring the successful working of their intentions with respect to the prevention of a grave menace to peace and tranquility are outlined in the memorandum of the Indian Police Association, representing almost all officers of the Indian Police presented to the Select Committee yesterday.

The memorandum says that improvements are considered so important from the police view point that unless they are adopted, "we doubt whether it is worth while to retain the Imperial Police Service in India and it might be best to wind up the Indian Police immediately—a course already ...favoured by a considerable minority among us."

GRAVE RISKS

The memorandum does not express any opinion on the question of transfer of law and order, because apart from the fact that "it is not our place to enter political controversies, an answer to it must depend on what alternatives are practicable politically We can only say that the policy of transferring law and order even under safeguards involves greatest risks to ourselves, our men and all that we and they stand for. But we are not blind to the advantages of a settlement by agreement. We confine outselves to indicating certain respects in which we believe the White Paper fails to provide adequate machinery."

The Memorandum emphasises the vital importance of an efficient, contended and impartial police, which fact, the Memorandum says, is generally not appreciated by the Indians, who will become the governing class. The Memorandum declares that "restrictions we wish to see imposed only those that any government in India must impose if it is to maintain order."

SAFEGUARDS

The proposals include:

First, powers of general superintendence be reserved to the Federal Government and a Federal Inspector General be appointed.

Second, Public Service Commissions shall have no voice in promotion from subordinate to provincial police or appointment, promotion or punishment of subordinate police from the rank of Inspector downwards.

Third, the instrument of instructions to provide that the Governor shall be readily accessible to the Inspector General and the Presidency Town Commissioner (with the knowledge of the Minister) and shall frequently consult them, and that the Governor shall secure the police against decreased powers, reduction in pay, adverse alteration of conditions, victimation and similar matters;

Fourth, statutory protection for acts done in the course of duty;

Fifth, Inspector General in every province shall be ex-Officio Secretary to Government.

CRADDOCK'S QUESTION.

Cross-examination in which a number of members and delegates participated again covered a wide range of points mentioned in the memorandum.

Sir R. Craddock inquired regarding the attitude oof the subordinate police to contemplated changes.

The chairman asked if Sir R. Craddock was referring to political aspects.

Sir R. Craddock said he wanted to know the ideas of Police themselves upon being handed over to a Minister.

Before any reply was given, the Chairman asked if the witnesses considered it reasonable for anyone to interpret apprehensions of the serving officers as implying any particular opinion, whether favourable or unfavourable, about political merits of the White Paper Scheme.

THE ONLY CONCERN.

Mr. Griffiths said: "The only concern of officers and men is a practical concern with regard to how the change will affect them practically, not politically."

When the Chairman suggested that Sir R. Craddock should not wish to press his question, Lord Salisbury, while not challenging the Chairman's view, said that Parliament would ultimately wish to know what the Police officers really thought.

WINTERTON OBJECTS.

Earl Winterton objected to Sir R. Craddock's question and said it would be impossible to carry on administration in Britain if a serving officer asked the views of his subordinates on the proposals before Parliament.

Lord Reading also deprecated the question. But it was eventually put and Mr. Griffith, replying, referred to his previous answer and said that men were definitely interested in practical results of the coming cranges.

IRWIN'S QUERY.

Lord Irwin, later, reverted to the matter in order to pevent any possibility of misunderstanding and asked if he was correct in thinking that the memorandum did not intend to convey that the members of of Association were either opposed to or in favour of transfer of Law and order.

Mr. Griffith replied: "We leave it for people to draw their own conclusions."

Lord Irwin asked: "You leave it aside, expressing opinion neither for nor against?"

Mr. Griffith: "Exactly."

IMPARTIAL AND INDEPENDENT

In the course of other replies witnesses said they wished to

(Continued on page 7.)

TABULATED ADLETS

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under. "Box No.——The Advertisement Department, The Bombay Chronicle", Old Custom House Road, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Numbers should be written distinctly.

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High Class Maratha Educated Girls from respectable Families to be married. Correspondence invited from Marathas, Rajputs and High Class Hindus of equal Status. Box No. 749. "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Immediately Lady Doctors, Compounders. Nurses, Maid, Experienced Graduate Teachers. Royal Service Agency, 369-371, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Second Floor. (750.)

Ambitious, educated young men, preferably graduates, with or without Life Assurance Experience, can earn Rs. 100 to Rs. 500 per month, according to ability Free full training given to earnest, enthusiastic workers. Apply stating age, educational qualifications and references to: Zenith Life Assurance Company, Limited. Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (6806)

Rs. 110 Guaranteed Monthly Salary, Wanted 8 Managers in Bombay Presidency. Rs. 260 cash deposit essential. Apply to:—Great Eastern Industrial Co., Ltd., 38, Mint Street, Madras. (706).

Wanted:—Sub-Inspectors of Police for the Sawantwadi State Police Force. Pay Rs. 40 plus Rs. 6 Temporary and Provisional allowance plus Rs. 12 permanent travelling allowance (if the duty entails travelling) and Rs. 30 plus Rs. 6 T. & P. allowance plus Rs. 10 P.T.A. per month. Applications should be sent to the address given below before the 30th June 1933, stating age, qualifications, caste and previous experience if any. Knowledge of Modi script and of English language essential. Testimonials, if any, should also be sent. Diwan Sawantwadi. (6849).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Balak Mandir and Balakmandir High School, Poona. Best Home School in Poona. Montessori to Matriculation. Montessori Gujerathi section in charge of a high class Gujerathi lady. Fine surroundings. Boarding and Fees from 36 to 40 Rupees per month. S. B. Hudlikar, Principal, 43, Sassoon Road, Poona. (747).

A Commercial Career: Fresh Classes for Accounting, Banking, Secretarial and Insurance Diplomas start work from 19th June. Enrol immediately at Batlibol's Accountancy Training Institute, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (717).

Malku Saibu Babi Trust Fund for Scholarships—The trustees of the above Fund invite applications for two Scholarships of Rs. 10/- per month for one year from deserving students of Telegu Munnuwar community who are studying for Civil Engineering or in the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, or who have appeared for the Matriculation examination of the University of Bombay and passed the same with highest number of marks or from any poor and deserving boys or girls attending school or college. The trustees are authorised to award the same according to their absolute descretion. The applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 30th June, 1933. V. G. Akula, G.B.V.C., Veterinary Surgeon, For Self and Co-trustees. Malku Saibu Babi Trust Fund, Bellasis Road, Byculla, Bombay. (6822).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Benares Hindu University—Applications are invited for admission into the Diploma courses in Pottery and Metal Enamelling open to Inter Science passed students. Session from second week of July, 1933. Full particulars on application from the Ceramic Expert, Industrial Chemistry Department, Benares Hindu University. (6751).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Rare and only Book of Marvellous system to find correct Cotton Futures, Rs. 2. Don't miss this golden offer. King Co., Fort, Bombay. (744).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Wanted—Applications—For Loan without interest up to Rs. 25,000, repayable by easy instalments, admission free. Apply for particulars: Managing Director, Shahji and Co., Bankers, Ferozepore City, (Punjab). (584).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents on Rs. 60/- to Rs. 300/- per month by an Indian Life Office. Must guarantee business 2 to 10 thousands a month. Write in confidence to Box No. 751. "Bombay Chronicle".

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions, particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkhas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle Rock, Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, and Mhow. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

108. REPAIR WORKS.

Electrical and Radio Repairs— We carry out all repairs for fans, kettles, toasters, Radio Sets, Telephones, etc., etc. We maintain high class technical service men for repairs. Our repairs are guaranteed. Eastern Electric and Engineering Co., 175, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Phone No. 24963. (5641)

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A Bargain—Norwegian Glazed Newsprint paper 30" x 40"—50lbs. and 35" x 45"—62lbs. For Sale at one Anna and Six Pies per pound. Apply "Bombay Chronicle" Co. Ltd.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Watch Free! Purchase Dozen Bottles of Brahmi Oil for Rs. Ten, Sample against one anna stamp. Sun Watch Company, Janmohmed Building, Charnirasta, Bombay 4. (737).

Free Six Gifts With Lever Wrist Watch price Rupees Six, Crown Company, Alexandra Buuilding, Frere Road, Bombay. (748).

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Bombay Municipality

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.

In consequence of the death of Mr. G. D. Billimoria, an elected Councillor from the (G) Mahim Ward, there is a casual vacancy in the Office under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act of 1888, as amended up to date. I, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22 (3) and 25 of the said Act, hereby fix FRIDAY, the 7th July, 1933, for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid vacancy.

The issue of nomination papers will commence from Friday, the 30th June, 1933.

H. K. KIRPALANI,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office
Bombay, 20th June, 1933.
6848

The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Limited

At the Meeting held to-day, the Directors of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Ltd., decided that, in view of the continued depression in trade and the uncertainty of the future, it is not advisable to declare an interim dividend in respect of the year ending 31st May, 1933.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.
Bombay, 21st June, 1933.

Legal Notices

High Court of Bombay

INSOLVENCY No. 369 OF 1933.

Re: MAHOMEDBHAI FAIZULLABHAI, of Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Napean-Sea Road without the Fort of Bombay: A Debtor.
Ex parte: Hooseinaboo, wife of A. M. Motiwalla, and others ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 20th day of June, 1933, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor as an Insolvent.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1933.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.
6853

AUCTION SALES

BENNETT & Co.

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BONAFIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SUNDAY, the 2nd July, 1933, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "Red Bungalow", Royal Institute of Science, Mayo Road, valuable household furniture such as dining table, chairs, side boards dinner Waggon, drawing room suite, Cabinets, Cottage Piano by S. Rose, writing table, almyrahs, bedsteads, dressing chest of drawers, tea poys, Carpets, cane furniture, carved furniture, hat-stands, glass crockery and platedware etc., etc.

The property of A. J. A. Illingworth Esq., A.R.I., B.A., Architect to Government of Bombay.

Catalogues will be published and furniture on view 3 days before the Sale.

BENNETT & Co.

THE EXCELSIOR

NEXT SATURDAY

ENJOY

The perfect happiness of a SOUL in ecstacy and then—with your heart sticking in your throat—go through a series of thrills when you see the same soul in agony.

IN THE

BLUE ANGEL

The critics of the World have acclaimed this marvellous creation as

"THE FINEST DRAMATIC TRIUMPH OF THE YEAR."

EMIL JANNINGS

IN

THE GREATEST CLASSIC SINCE

THE WAY OF ALL FLESH

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MARLENE

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IN

BLUE ANGEL

UFA'S MAGNIFICENT CLASSIC

Directed by the genius

JOSEPH VON STERNBURG

PLANS OPEN, RUSH ON

Book early to avoid disappointment.

Commencing To-day

Hilarious Comedy Hit based on DOUGLAS MURRAY'S POPULAR STAGE-SUCCESS.

MAN

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Brilliantly acted by all-star cast:

JESSIE MATTHEWS
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A veritable riot of fun, frivolity and laughter

Also "SPICE OF VARIETY"

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Daily 6-30 & 10 p.m.

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NEW QUEEN'S ROAD.

AUCTION SALES

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Telephone No. 23500.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 23rd instant at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, next to Vianelli's Restaurant of teak and blackwood complete household and Office furniture, tilting, suite, drawing, room cabinet, large Godrej Safe, gramophone, Singer machine, Kasrial tune harmonium, show cases, wardrobes, electric chandeliers, A C's fans, glassware, etc. Property of one private gentleman and others on view.

VORA & CO.,

THE CARLTON

6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY MATINEE AT 4-0 P. M.

JOAN CRAWFORD
ROBT. MONTGOMERY

IN

"LETTY LYNTON"

A romance of a South-American adventuress!

Also LAUREL—HARDY
IN "ANY OLD PORT"

NEXT SATURDAY
MARIE DRESSLER
POLLY MORAN
IN

"PROSPERITY"

MASTER MODAK
IN A DUAL ROLE OF A
PRINCE and PAUPER
SARASWATEE CINETONE'S 2ND TALKIE PICTURE.

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VAGABOND PRINCE
Supported by SALVI, JAVDEKAR, VASANT PEHELWAN, CHANDABAI and OTHERS.
13 SONG HITS
Side-Splitting Comedy—Essence of Acting
for the 2ND GLORIOUS WEEK.
at the
KOHINOOR CINEMA
DADAR
(The Theatre of Bombay Suburbites.)
DAILY at 5; 7-45 & 10-30 P.M.
MATINEE on Saturday, Sunday at 2-30 P.M.

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FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

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*Genoa Maru	6785	19 June,	2 July
Hakusan Maru	10,500	.. @	10 July
*Tottori Maru	6973.	30 June	13 July
Harima Maru	10,500	.. @	25 July
*Bengal Maru	6396	18 July	2 August
Katori Maru	10000	.....@	8 August
x Tango Maru	6893.	30 July.	13 August.
Kashima Maru	10000	...	†22 Aug.

*Limited passengers Japanese food.
x Calls at Colombo. @ From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons	Colombo Leave	Marseilles. Arrive
Hakone Maru	10500	5 July	23 July
Suwa Maru	10700	20 July	7 Aug.

HONGKONG-SAN FRANCISCO Via HONOLULU.

Taiyo Maru	14500	16 July	
Chichibu Maru	17000		2 Aug.

KOBE-SEATTLE Via VANCOUVER

Hiye Maru	11600	31 July	
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Alaska ,,	23rd ,,	8th July
Hague ,,	9th July	22nd ,,
Andes ,,	13th ,,	28th ,,
Havre ,,	24th ,,	8th Aug.

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SUNDAY, the 25th June at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.)

the highly appreciated New historical Drama

TARANHAR

featuring
Mr. CHUNILAL (Durgadas)—SKANDA

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COTTON

LATEST INFORMATION IS MONEY ITSELF.

COTTON BUSINESS.—We transact cotton business on behalf of our clients through the E. I. C. Association, Ltd., and the Mahajan Association. Our clients remain in touch with all the latest information from all Foreign Markets which help them to cover their bargains profitably.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—The New York and Liverpool Cotton Markets dominate all other markets of the world and every bit of information there is flashed all round the world. Shrewd speculators avail themselves of the news and make profits. The Bureau remains in constant touch with these markets right from the opening, midway fluctuations to the closing prices.

STERLING-DOLLAR CROSS-RATE:—The Stering-Dollar Cross-Rate is of utmost importance to business. All the commodity markets rule practically in tune with the fluctuations in the Cross-Rate. We receive opening, closing and all time to time fluctuations together with our London Agent's opinion. We can wire or telephone same to any part of India for a moderate charge.

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CALLS:—Quotations of Liverpool and New York Future together with Bombay quotations and expectation (Dharna) can be phoned or wired to any part of India.

DAILY COTTON FUTURES FORECAST.—Based scientifically on astrological calculations and latest cabled advices. This is the only Institution which receives costly cables from Home daily stating therein American Cotton Futures Forecast.

OUR RATES ARE EXTREMELY MODERATE

Further particulars from:—
COTTON INFORMATION BUREAU.
181, Esmail Building, 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
'Phone No. 24241.
Tel: "VANUSET."

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, June 21.

	bales.
Khandesh	58
Central India	592
Barsi-Nugger	374
Hyderabad-Gaorani	193
Berar	259
Central Provinces	3
Dhollera	496
Rajputana	40 40
Broach	298
Compta-Dharwar	144
Western-Northerns	265
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1027
Persians	2
Comilla Burmah	30
Total Cotton	3,781 cwts.
Wheat	70,119
Linseed	3,082
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	358
Gingellyseed	39
Poppyseed	26
Groundnutseed	3,966
Castorseed	74
Rice	37,395
Myrabollams	1,194
Cottonseed	990
Gram	30
Joowar	1,341
Maize	12
Barley	173
Bajree	1,623 tons.
Coal	372

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, June 20
Java Sugar Fine White Dutch, Standard No. 25
C & F Calcutta per cwt—
July/Sept sellers 7/10 1/2
Oct/ sellers 8/1 1/2
C f Bombay per cwt—
July/Sept sellers 7/10 1/2
C & F Karachi per cwt—
July/Sept sellers 7/10 1/2
COFFEE NEW YORK MARKET.
London, June 20
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)—
Spot 8 1/4

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, June 21.

B.C. RATE:—
T.T. & D.D. 1|6.
LONDON BANKS SELLING:—
T.T. & D.D. 1|6 1|32.
T.T. 1|6 1|32 to Sept.
T.T. 1|6 Oct|Decr.
LONDON BANKS BUYING:—
T.T. 1|6 3|32.
D.D. 1|6 3|32.
3 Mos. 1|6 5|32 June.
NEW YORK B.C. RATE:—
T.T. 321-1|4 Nominal.
NEW YORK BANKS SELLING:—
T.T. 319-1|4 Nominal.
NEW YORK BANKS BUYING:—
T.T. 316-1|4 Nominal.
PARIS BANKS SELLING:—
D.D. 648.
PARIS BANKS BUYING:—
D.D. 658.
AMSTERDAM BANKS SELLING:—
D.D. 63-1|8.
JAPAN BANKS SELLING:—
T.T. 83-1|2.
JAPAN BANKS BUYING:—
60 Days 82 Nominal
BANKS SELLING:—
Hongkong D D 95-3|4.
Shanghai D D 86.
Singapore D.D. 155 3|4.
Java D D 63-1|2.
Berlin D D 106 14
CROSS RATES:—
New York|London 4.18 20th instant.
Shaighai|London 1|3 5|16 21st inst.
Japan|London 1|3 21st inst.
London|Paris 86.31 20th inst.
London|Belgium 24.31 20th inst.
London|Switzerland 17.58 20th inst.
London|Italy 64.81 20th inst.
London|Berlin 14.30 20th inst.
London|Holland 8.45 20th inst.
London|Stockholm 19.42 20th inst.
London|New York 4.17-3|4 20th inst.
TONE of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
GOLD—
19th inst. £6|2|2; 20th inst. £6|-2|1.
SILVER LONDON—
Ready 19th inst. 19-3|16; 20th inst. 19-3|16.
Forward 19th inst. 19-1|4; 20th inst. 19-1|4.
SILVER NEW YORK—
Ready 19th inst. 36-1|4; 20th inst. 35-15|15.
LONDON DISCOUNTS—
3 Mos. 19th inst. 5|8 per cent; 20th inst. 5|8 per cent.
6 Mos. 19th inst. 3|4 per cent.; 20th inst. 3|4 per cent.
Imperial Bank Rate 3-1|2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
MONEY:—
Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos. 1 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 per cent.
TONE:—Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, June 20

Chartered Bank of I A and C £14 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg) £129
P and O Banking Corporation £10
National Bank of India £40 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent £110 3/8
Coversion Loan 3½ per cent £99 1/4
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent £59 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £67 1/2
Indan Stock 3½ per cent Stearling Loan £79 1/2
Indian Stock 3½ per cent Sterling Loan £105 1/2
Consols 2½ per cent £72 7/8
War Loan 3½ per cent £99 7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £109 5/8

LINSEED OILS

London, June 20

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt
June paid and sellers 19/9
Oct/Dec sellers 20/3

SEEDS

London, June 20

Cottonseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton—
No offers
Castorseed Bombay (Hull) c i f ton—
June/July sellers £11-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Continent ton—
June/July sellers £10-16-3

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, June 20

Bank Bills 3 months' market rate 0 9/16 per cent to 0 5/8 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months' market rate 0 3/4 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months' market rate 2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months' market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 0 1/4 per cent
Interest 7 days' market loan 0 3/8 per cent

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 15 December, 2016

Alround Decline In Yarn Prices

RUDE SHOCK IN COTTON MARKET

Art-Silk Yarns Steady

Bombay, June 21.

In sympathy with sharp decline in prices of raw material, the Yarn Market was rather unsettled with a quiet undertone and prices have declined alround to the extent of one-eighth anna (1/8 anna) per lb. in almost all kinds of yarns and as usual, in declining markets the turnover has been very much restricted. Demand from the consuming districts has considerably fallen off owing to decline in prices of cotton and consequent loss of confidence in the present ruling prices of yarns. The local dealers have also been found to be nervous to some extent and some of them have already started to unload their holdings for fear of further decline in prices of raw material and in anticipation of making purchases at lower rates in the next few days if and when cotton prices decline further. It is evident that confidence has been once again shaken in the Yarn Market on account of the rude shock which the Cotton Market has suffered during the last few days and naturally it will require some more time to revive the confidence once again even though cotton prices may improve to some extent in the next few days. As was reported a fortnight ago, there were signs of steady improvement in demand in all kinds of yarns from almost all important consuming districts at that time and confidence was gradually reviving, but latterly all those consuming distdicts are reported to have been doing practically nothing. Calcutta and Rangoon are very quiet whereas Southern Indian markets have not been showing any improvement since late. Punjab has been showing some signs of improvement, but the prices offered are much too low. Other markets are quiet and whatever small demand has been in evidence is met by the up-country mills at prices which are very unremunerative to the Bombay mills. On the whole, the future tendency seems rather undertain and will mostly depend upon the course of the cotton prices in the next few days.

ENGLISH YARNS.

This class of yarns is practically neglected at the moment on account of very heavy Japanese and Shanghai competition.

JAPANESE YARNS.

Prices have once again receded in this class of yarns during the week owing to restricted demand and owing to Import Houses having been offering yarns at cheaper prices from their stock-lots. Turnover has been very restricted. Exchange has remained steady. Forward business has been practically nil. Future tendency is undertain.

ART SILK YARNS.

The Syndicate prices have remained unchanged. Stock in 150 Den. are yet very meagre and are not sufficient to cope with the demand from all quarters at the present moment. It is reported, however, from the consuming districts that there have been sufficient stocks over there and that the demand in the next few weeks is not likely to be maintained as in the past few days. Besides, heavy arrivals are expected from Japan and it is clear that all markets will be overstocked within about a month's time. Demand for Miscellaneous Deniers at the increased rates has considerably fallen off. Future tendency is rather uncertain.

INDIAN YARNS.

Our Mills have been unable to make sales at lower prices in spite of the recent decline in cotton. Most of the prices offered by the dealers are unremunerative. Reports of Labour Troubles all over the country have not produced any increased demand for yarns so far. Stocks of Handloom cloth are yet reported to be very large and it will yet take some more time before these go into consumption. In the meantime, prices of yarns are expected to move within narrow limits and demand will continue on a limited scale.

PATHE

SPECIAL TO-DAY

TROOPING THE COLOUR!

PRINCE OF WALES TAKES SALUTE AT MAGNIFICENT CEREMONY AT HIS MAJESTY'S 68TH BIRTHDAY.

PARAMOUNT NEWS

BY AIR MAIL

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, June 21.

3 1/2 p.c. G P Notes	80-2
3 1/2 pc 1947-50	91-8
4 per cent 1934-37 (Taxable)	100|12.
4 pc 1960-70 Loan	94-4
4 1/2 pc 1934 (Taxable)	101-12
4 pc 1943 (Taxable)	100-4
5 pc 1939 44 (Taxable)	104-4
5 p.c 1940|43 (Taxable(	104-12
5 p c 1935	103-4
5% per cent 1938/40 (Taxable)	106-7
6 1|2 p.c. 1935 T B (Taxable)	106-4.

TAXFREE LOANS.

5 pc 1945-55 Loan	109-14
6 pc B D L 1935	106-11
5 p c 1955 Mysore	109
5 1/2 p c 1938 Mysore	108.

CORPORATION LOANS.

4 p.c. S P T	89-0
4 p.c. M Deb 1974	88-0
5 p c Deb 1959	103-0.
6 p c Deb 1954	113-0
6 p c K P T 1956	113-0
6 1/2 p c B I I 1937	106-8

Note:—3 1/2 G. P. Notes opened at Rs. 80/4/6. declined to Rs. 79/15. but quoted Rs. 80/2/3 at the moment of writing. In sympathy other scrips are slightly easier.

SUBSIDY FOR GERMAN SHIPPING

The reason for the grant of a 20,000,000 marks subsidy (about £1,000,000 at par) for Germany's shipping companies, voted by the Cabinet, is according to a semi-official statement the desire of the Government to prevent other vessels being laid up, which would ultimately lead to an increase of unemployment. The Government hopes by these measures to revitalise the shipping industry by mobilising some of the idle tonnage.

Lahore.—The annual report on the working of Co-operative Societies in the Punjab for the year ending 31st July 1932 shows that whereas 871 new Societies were registered in 1929-30 and 720 in the year 1930-31. Only 438 new Societies were registered during the year under report.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, June 20.

Messrs. Lewis & Jones, Bombay, have received the following quoations by cable from their London Agents:—

Wiluna Gold Corporation Ord. £2:6:6.

London Tin Corporation Ltd. £0:13:0.

Turner & Newell £1:9:3.

Associated Electric Industries £0:17:6.

Attock Oil £0:16:0.

Associated Portland Cement £1:9:3.

Underground Electric Railways £1:1:6. ... 9.

Electric Supply Corporation £3:3: Guest, Keen & Nettlefold Ltd. £0:12:3.

Beira Railways £0:6:3.

County of London Elec. Supply Ord. £2:12:9.

Marconi International Marine £1:11:3.

Calendar's Cable & Constn. Co. £3:0:0

General Elec. Ord. £2:2:0

London & Thames Haven Oil Wharves £3:17:6.

L & N E Rly. 4 per cent. 2nd Pref. £17:0:0

International Rlys. of C. America dolls. 5.50

Malayalam Plantations £0:16: 7½.

British Burma Petroleum £0:4:6

Soudan Plantations £1:13:0.

British S. Africa (Chartered) £0:19:0.

Pahang Consolidated Ord. £0: 7:0.

Wm. Cory & Son £3:8:0.

British Treasury Bills (3 months) £0.10 10.91 p c

LONDON RUBBER

London, June 20

Smoked sheets standard ribbed lb Spot sellers 3 3/8

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of The Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the fortnight ended 15th June 1933:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed Rs. 3.36.00.000	.....
Capital Paid up	1.68.00,000
Reserve & Contingency Fund	70.00,000
Deposits, debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills payable etc.	21,62.82.000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	2,40,85,000
....	26.41.67,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
Cash Credits & Overdrafts on Government & other authorised securities	3,82.06.000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	2,65,72...000
Bills Discounted	16,41,000
Lands & Buildings	1,10,75,000
Sundries including Branch Adjusments	2,08.77.000
Cash in hand; at Banks: & Investments in War Bonds, Govt. Paper, Treasury Bills, Debentures, etc.	16,27,96,000
etc.	16,27,96.000
....	26.41.67.000

LONDON METALS

London, June 20

Copper Braziers £49 1/2

Yellow metal £40 3/4

Spelter Hard Indian Brands £16 1/2

Corrugated sheets 24 gauge £16 1/2

Tin English Ingots £225 3/4

WHO ARE THE ENEMIES OF SWADESHI?

(1) WHO BUY FOREIGN WATERPROOFS AS SWADESHI.

(2) WHO STITCH RAIN COATS FROM FOREIGN WATERPROOF CLOTH AND SELL AS SWADESHI.

(3) WHO TELL TALES AFTER TALES TO MISLEAD THE PUBLIC AND DO NOT FEEL SHAME

OUR SALES ARE AS USUAL AND HUNDREDS OF TIMES MORE THAN THE SO-CALLED SWADESHI WATERPROOFS.

The rush of Customers at our Head Office and Branches are the clear proof of same.

Why buy JAPANESE AS SWADESHI.

Buy MARROTT'S New Waterproofs

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN INDIA.

Thousands of unsolicited testimonials from Rajas, Nawabs, Government High Officials, Municipalities, Local Boards and Steamship Companies.

K. C. MARROTT, THE INDIA'S PREMIER HOUSE FOR NEW WATERPROOFS.

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Girgaum Agent :—G. S. MHASKAR, Esq., Kandewadi Naka.

Dadar Agents:—Messrs. SHAHADE ATHAVLE & Co. No Agent In Poona.

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(In twins & cubes).

These soaps have created a sensation in the soap markets of the country. They are profusely perfumed, are very economical to use and their cleansing capacity is immense. They sell on the market in boxes of twins or in big and small cubes. But you can have a box or a set of cubes FREE.—How?—Read above.

Every advertiser in the classified columns of "Bombay Chronicle" will be entitled to a free gift of any of these three commodities. Each of these gifts is worth about Rupee ONE, so that you literally get your advertisement free, or even additional value in the bargain. Why not then announce your needs to the world through the powerful medium of these shorts ? You will have the satisfaction of having done it gratis, while you reach a public that no other papers do !

This bottle of Cologne-Water is one of the best perfumes on the market. It is famed for its lingering fragrance and exceptional strength, and has the guarantee of a well-known name behind it. Doctors specially recommend its use on all fevers. All housewives know it. All families keep it. All traders stock it and all people like it.—So will you!

Of all Chemists.

In all sizes.

Any day you will willingly part with more than a Rupee to buy this delightful bottle of Eau - de - Lavende which is blended with musk and ottos to increase the permanence and fragrance. Why not have it FREE then. It is delight of ladies and children and no person of taste can afford to do without it.

Manufacturers:—GODREJ JOSHI & CO., CAUSEWAY, COLABA, BOMBAY.

Sole Agents:— NADIRSHAW PRINTER & CO. ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

JULY LIQUIDATION AND REALISING

Forecast Of Showers In The South-West Belt

EXPECTATION OF FURTHER DOLLAR DEPRECIATION

General Opinion Mixed Over Acreage Reduction Plan

Bombay, June 21.

On Tuesday, the New York Cotton Futures Market advanced on higher Liverpool advices, but reacted later on Wall Street selling and selling on a reaction theory. The general opinion about the acreage reduction plan is mixed, but latest cables state that farmers are willing to co-operate with the Government as the terms offered are generous. For this purpose there will be mass propaganda over the cotton-belt, for one week commencing from the 26th inst. The future entirely depends upon the percentage of cotton growers to accept the official terms and reduce the acreage.

ACREAGE REDUCTION.

The market is healthy and while local leaders are rather against the market at the moment, as they believe that the acreage curtailment plan is very obscure, but, there is a growing belief that further depreciation of Dollar is bound to raise prices. The textile trade is improved materially and consumption of cotton is rapidly increasing in America.

The next crop has progressed favourably so far, and the present indications show a yield of about 13-1|2 million bales. However the subsoil moisture is defective and, there are now complaints of grass and boll-weevil. The most critical period for the crop is ahead and rains are badly needed over the entire cotton belt. So far there are no reports of rain and excessive heat is reported in the Eastern Belt, Central Belt and Arkansas. Forecast of showers was mainly responsible for liquidation and approaching tender day for July contracts induced liquidation of holdings, otherwise the market was healthy.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market opened at a rise of 5 to 7 points on higher Liverpool advices. There was absence of selling and under scattered buying prices reached the highest level of the day, when October was quoted 11 points higher. Later on prices kept on sagging throughout the day on July liquidation and profit-taking. Prices declined 24 points from the highest level and closed at a net decline of 9 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices declined 10 points to 9.25c.

The New Orleans Cotton Futures Market was quiet and closed at a decline of 6 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices declined 9 pts. at 9.09.

LONDON BUYING.

The Liverpool Cotton Futures Market opened at a rise of 8 pts. Buying was meeting with realising sales and there was some straddle reversing. Indian operators were also sellers but London was buying. The market closed quiet, but steady at a rise of 4 to 5 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 5 points at 6.21d. per lb.

East Indian Cotton Futures ring was quiet and closed at a rise of 2 to 1 point with July 5.33 and October 5.37.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton Futures Market was steady and both Sakels and Uppers closed at a rise of 5 to 6 points.

The Alexandria Cotton Futures Market was easy and closed at a decline of 13 to 8 points.

DROUGHT AND WEEVIL.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., state:—

July liqudaition and realising caused a small setback but the trade reports particularly from America continue very optimistic. Large industries in America are reported to be restoring wage-cuts and laid up machinery is being restarted.

Textile reports continue better with large orders unfilled. Crop advices are not so favourable with increased complaints of drought in the West and weevil reports in the Eastern Belt.

Although the general opinion is mixed over the Government acreage reduction plan, opinions in America are hopeful of the farmer's acceptance in view of the very reasonable terms offered by the Government. The American Government will commence leasing the land from the 26th instant.

The acceptance at the Economic Conference of the monetary resolution is favourably viewed.

PRIVATE CABLES.

(10-14 a.m.)

New York October highest ..... 9.61+.11

(2-52 p.m.)

Lowest ..... 9.37—.13

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co., have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

Rather doubtful farmers co-operating with Government plan but think prices will advance further due to inflationary measures.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cables:—

Liverpool—Not very favourably impressed by Wallace statement; doubt if scheme workable; think further advance can only be from Dollar depreciation.

New York.— Recent buying mainly (on) expectation further Dollar depreciation. Would rather await developments before buying.

New York.—Continuation of weakness Dollar potential strengthening factor butt forecast of showers in the South-West caused liquidation by longs; recent bulges in prices have brought out increased offerings.

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received the following cable information from their foreign frields:—

Liverpool:—Market advanced on new inflation ideas. Opinion divided regarding Wallace scheme. Wheat—Looks higher on poor weather. Recommend purchase Liverpool as consider decidedly cheapest market.

Liverpool:—Barring reactionary rise, world prices likely continue with America leading.

Liverpool:—Advance owing to advance in New York and the improved demand on the spot. Market affected unfavourable by hedge selling and advance in Dollar exchange.

Liverpool:—Acreage curtailment plan very obscure depending entirely on attitude large percentage farmers and generosity terms offered.

New York:—Profit taking. July liquidation. Locals sold on favourable crop prospects and indifferent acreage plan although reports indicate farmers willing to cooperate.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool agents cabled as under:—

9-52 a.m.: No precipitation, excessive heat in the Eastern belt. Central belt and Arkansas.

8-56 p.m.: New York market declined in sympathy with weakness in Stock Exchange: local traders are against the market.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, June 20

July	9.09—09
October	9.37—06
Middling Spot	9.09—09

NEW YORK

New York, June 20

New York 10-55 a.m. —	
July	9.31
October	9.56
New York Noon Call—	
July	9.26
October	9.67

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, June 20

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 18,000 bales

Day's exports to Great Britain 5,000 bales

Day's exports to the Continent 18,000 bales

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, June 20

July 1933	9.12 —11
October 1933	9.38—12
December 1933	9.54—11
January 1934	9.61—09
March 1934	9.77—10
May 1934	9.92—10
Middling Spot	9.25—10

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, June 20.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
American Power & Light Common	14
American Power & Light Pfd. 6 dol.	36
American Power & Light 5 per cent. Pfd. A.	31
American Forn. Power Common	17
American Forn. Power Gold Debs.	54
American Forn. Power Pfd. 7 per cent.	37
Electric Bond Common	36
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	53
Electric Bond 6 per cent. Pfd.	58
Consolidated Gas	59 1/2
Columbia Gas	25 1/4
United Light & Power A.	8 1/2
North American	32
United Corpn.	13
American Tel. & Tel.	127
Western Union Telg.	53 1/2
Radio Corp.	10
Cheasapeake & Chio	40
New York Central	38 1/2
Union Pacific R. R.	114
Pennsylvania R. R.	28
Norfolk & Western	151
Lima Lococmotive	23
American Smelting	33 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	16 1/4
Int. Nickel Common	17 1/2
United Steel	56
Bethelehem Steel	35 1/2
Youngstown Sheet & Tube	29
Commercial Solvents	22
Gen. Rly. Signal	33
Goodyear Tyre	35
United Aircraft	32 1/2
Packard Motor	6
National Dairy	22
General Electric	24
General Motors	27 1/2
Standard Oil of N. J.	37
Erie R. R.	13 1/2
Guaranty Trust	300
National City Bank	34 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	440
Mid. Con. Petroleum	12
American Radiator	16
International Carriers	7 1/8
St. Regis Paper	6 1/4
Curtiss Wright	3
Briggs Mug.	11 1/2

Resistance and profit-taking encountered at previous high level.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, June 20

June 1933	5.96	5.95 plus 05
July 1933		5.93 plus 05
August 1933		5.93 plus 05
September 1933		5.93 plus 05
October 1933	5.96	5.93 plus 05
November 1933		5.94 plus 05
December 1933		5.95 plus 04
January 1934	5.99	5.96 plus 04
February 1934		5.98 plus 05
March 1934		6.00 plus 05
April 1934		6.01 plus 05
May 1934		6.03 plus 05
Middling Spot		6.21 plus 05

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 20

SAKELLARIDIS—	
July 1933	7.97
October 1933	8.07
November 1933	8.14
January 1934	8.21
March 1934	8.28
May 1934	8.36
July 1934	8.36
F Spot	8.30

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, June 20

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.26
Fine (Good staple)	5.33
Superfine (Good staple)	5.50
OOMRA	
Good (No. 1 staple)	5.26
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.41
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.56
BENGAL—	
Good	4.41
Fine	4.51
Superfine	4.61
SCINDE—	
Good	4.51
Fine	4.61
Superfine	4.71

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, June 20

T T London on:—	
Berlin	14.30
Amsterdam	8.46
Brussels	24.32
Madrid	40.15
Milan	64.87
Berne	17.60
Paris	86.37
Prague	113.81
Prague	113.81
New York closing cross rate	4.19 1/4

LINSEED

London, June 20

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton— June/July sellers £11-3-9

Linseed La Plata c i f Hull ton— June/July sellers £10-5-0

Linseed Bombay (London) ton— June/July sellers £11-8-9

STOCK EXCHANGE DIARY

24 June—Opening date for bargains in Government securities for 14th July Vaida.

28 June—Security Settlement Paey Day.

30 June—Last day for July Settlement in shares.

6 July—Holiday.

10 July—Share Settlement Pay Day Forward Business closed.

11 July—Opening day for bargains in Government Security for 28th July Vaida.

14 July—Security Settlement Pay Day.

25 July—Opening date for bargains in Government Security for 15th August Vaida.

28 July—Security Settlement Pay Day.

31 July—Last day for August Settlement in shares.

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York/Liverpool: July 252; October 226; January 209

Bombay-Liverpool: Broach J/A 1933 (201) Liverpool July 5.82 Rs. 52½ at Exchange 1/6

Broach A/May 1934 (220) Liverpool May 1934 5.92 Rs. 37 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay-New York: Broach J/A (201) New York July (9.12) Rs. 41¼ at 4.18¼ Cross Rate.

COTTON ARRIV...

Receipts into Bombay 18/19th June 7,635 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1932 2,289,137

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,899,750 bales

Difference increase 390,387 bales

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, June 20

SAKEL—

July 14.79—13

Nov 15.63—07

Jan 15.90—07

ASH—

June 12.75—08

Aug 12.61—03

Oct 12.58—04

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, June 21

T T on London:—

Previous close 1-3 7/16

To-day's opening 1-3 5/16

To-day's close 1-3 5/16

Tone: Steady.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, June 20

Spot Silver 36c.

July dely 36.00—25

Tone: Easy.

GOLD AND SI...ER

Bombay, June 21.

The Local Silver Market ruled quiet, but steady. General business has fallen off considerably and operators are losing confidence. The demand for actual is disappointing. The market opened to-day for Ashad delivery at Rs. 57|7|0 and advanced anna 1 on steady Shanghai advices. Gold Market was quiet.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready Silver	57	3	0
Ashad	57	8	0
Shravan	58	1	0
Ready Gold	30	2	3
Ashad	30	2	3
Shravan	30	2	0
Sovereigns	19	8	9

LONDON SILVER

London, June 20

Silver—Market closed steady.

Spot 19 3/16

Forward 19 1/4

GOLD BAR.

London, June 20

Gold Bars Fine per oz £6-2-1

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, June 21

Cotton Broach J/A	8-0-0
Cotton Broach A/M	40-0-0
Silver Ashad	1-4-0
Silver Shravan	2-2-0
Gold Ashad	0-5-6
Gold Shravan	0-11-0
Linseed Sept	0-9-6
Wheat Sept	0-6-9

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, June 20.

Castorseeds Delivery September. Opening Rs. 29/10; Highest Rs. 29/12; Lowest Rs. 29/7/6; Closing Rs. 29/10.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August. Opening Rs. 31/10; Highest Rs. 31/13; Lowest Rs. 31/8/6; Closing Rs. 31/11.

Bombay Co...n

Bombay, June 21.

In sympathy with a decline of 10 points in New York futures the local market was expected to open at Rs. 201 for Broach J.|A. delivery but the market opened steady at Rs. 202 and advanced to Rs. 204 on buying by a prominent local operator. At this level professional bear operators made an attempt to depress prices. The market declined to Rs. 203|8 but persistent buying soon rallied prices and prices advanced to Rs. 204|8.

It is rumoured that the Japanese boycott of Indian cotton will be lifted soon and the market displayed better tone. The market is well liquidated and the technical situation of the market is strong. Prominent Bear operators are heavily short to the extent of over a lakh of bales in the local market and New York market improves, it is likely that the bears will be forced to cover at advancing prices:—

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 11 points but it opened firm at a decline of 7 points and later on was quoted 4 points lower. Our market remained dull on showery weather and in the absence of buying prices declined to Rs. 203. At this level there was some enquiry and prices rallied to Rs. 203/8:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Broach J.-A.	203	4	0
Broach A.-M.	221	8	0
Oomra July	188	8	0
Oomra D.-J.	195	8	0
Bengal July	151	8	0
Bengal D.-J.	163	8	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 21.

Bengal Superfine	158
Bengal Fine	153
Bengal F. G.	148
Sind-Punjab Fine	153
Sind-Punjab F. G.	148
Wardha-Hingt Fine	198
Nagpur Savner Fine	198
Yeotmal Fine	194
Arvi Fine	194
Ellichpur Fine	192
Amraoti-Berar	190
Khamgaon Fine	190
Mulkapur Fine	198
Khandesh Fine	193
Muthia F. G.	183
Jalna/Sallu F. G.	183
Burwah Sanavad F G.	190
Ujjain/Shujaulpur F. G.	182
Broach F. G.	20[illegible]
Punjab-American F. G.	21[illegible]
Punjab/American mix	19[illegible]
Cambodia	259
Miraj/Sangh	186
Compta Gool	203
Bagalkot	194
Busoga	318
Kampala	325

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, June 21.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup.	Fine.	F. G.	Good.
M. G. Bengal U. P.	163	159	155	151	
M. G. Punjab	150	156	153	150	
M. G. Rajputana		160	157	154	151
M. G. Oomra No. 3	195	193	191	188	
M. G. Oomra No. 1	202	200	198	195	
M. G. Oomra No. 2	198	196	194	191	
M. G. Broach No. 2	209	207	205	203	
M. G. Punjab-Ame.	218	216	214	212	
M. G. Surat	247	245	243	241	
F. G. Rajpipla	247	245	243	241	
M. G. Navsari	254	252	250	248	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, June 21.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	58	215,989
Central India	592	195,388
Barsi and Nagar	374	128,957
Hyderabad-Gaorani	193	54,240
Berar	239	461,109
Central Provinces	3	134,220
Total Oomras	1,479	1,189,903
Dholera	496	236,364
N.-W. Provinces	.....	7,162
Rajputana	40	75,581
Sindh-Punjab	.....	100,384
Broach	298	322,337
Coompta & Dharwar	144	70,060
Westerns-Northerns	265	56,850
Cocoanada	.....	13
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,027	37,749
Persian	2	5,707
American	.....	70,128
Egyptian & African	.....	120,597
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	30	85
Total	3,781	2,292,913

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 21.

1st Sept. to 15th June.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	400	322,051
Japan & China	13,819	1,019,572
Coast Ports	.....	17,376
Up-country by Rail	.....	110,721
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	.....	23,523
Total	16,219	1,493,243

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Narrow Trading With Small Fluctuations : Burm Dividend Expectations

Bombay, June 21.+

The Share Bazaar ruled quiet but steady to-day and prices fluctuated within a narrow range of Rs. 1|4 to Rs. 2|8. Mill shares ruled quiet but there was somewhat better inquiry for Pearl Shares which show a small gain. Electric Shares ruled quiet but Power Shares were steady. Andhra Shares were quiet but Tram Shares were in moderate demand. Scindia Shares showed better inquiry to-day. The dividend on Burma Shares is expected Rs. 5 to Rs. 7|8. The undertone of the market was good and the turnover of business was limited.

Later on there was increased selling. The general feeling is in favour of higher prices but in the near future the market will fluctuate within a narrow range without any definite price tendency. Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 818/2. Fazuls finished at Rs. 385. Pearls were easy at Rs. 228/12. And Swadeshis came to business at Rs. 270. Andhras eased to Rs. 1,382/8 but Powers disclosed strength and finished at Rs. 992/8 cash. Katni Ordys. on rumours of higher dividend rose to Rs. 276/4. Tata Steel 2nd Prefs. were in request at Rs. 84. Bombay Burmas moved around Rs. 463/12. Belapurs came to business at Rs. 190. Tata Steel Ordys. closed on balance unchanged at Rs. 52/4 and Deferreds were done at Rs. 220/10.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, June 21.

Bombay Dyeing 820;18-14;20;18
Century 255;53;54;
Central India 343;42;
Colaba 92;91-14;
Crescent 70;68; 70.
Fazalbhoy 386;85;86;85;
Kohinoor 168.
New Great 168;67;66
Pearl 227;31;30; 29.
Simplex 96; 95.
Swadeshi 271;70;
Bundi 23-4;6;
I. Cement 262;64;63;61;62; 63/2.
T. Steel Dfd. 221;18;20;
T. Steel Ord. 52-6;2;4;
B. Steam 83;85;
B. Burma 468;71;68;70;68; 63/12.
Tata Hydro 146;14;
Andhra 1390;86;
Tram Ord. 135-15; 135-10; 135/5

TEXTILE SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Advance	328-2
Bombay Dyeing	818-2
Century	253-12
Central India	341-14
Colaba Land	91-4
Crescent	70 0
Dawn	448-12
E. D Sassoon	0-4½
Ebrahim Pabaney	141-4
Finlay	90 0
Fazulbhoy	385-0
Gokak	126-14
Hindustan	1,825-0
Indian Mfg.	1,725-0
Indian Bleaching	190-10
Indore Malwa	371 8
Kastoorchand	5-2
Khatau	85-0
Kohinoor	168-12
Lakshmi	845-0
Morarjee	490-0
Model Nagpore	63-12
Mysore	102-8
New Great	166-14
Pearl	229
Phoenix	730-0
Sholapur	3,300-0
Sassoon Silk	42-8
Swan	65-0
Simplex	95-0
Swadeshi	270-0
Tata Mills	20-0
Vishnu Mills	1,595-0
BANK SECTION.	
Bank of India	103-8
Baroda Bank	84-0
Bombay Provincial	55-0
Central Bank	22-0
Imperial F. P.	1,190-0
Imperial P. P.	288-12
Union Bank	4-5
HYDRO ELECTRIC.	
Ahmedabad Electric	131-14
Andhra Valley Ordy.	1,382-8
Bombay Tram Ordy.	135-5
Broach Electric	10-12
Karachi Electric	186-4
Surat Electric	158-12
Suburban Electric	128-4
Tata Hydro ordy	146-4
Tata Power ordy	997-8
CEMENT SECTION.	
Bundi Cement	23-6
Gwalior Cement	63-0
Indian Cement	263-2
Katni Cement Ordy.	276-4
Katni Cement Def.	967-8
Okha Cement	101-8
Punjab Cement Ordy.	14-10
Shahabad Cement	270-10
Shivrajpore	16-4
United Cements	55-12
PREFERENCE SHARES.	
Andhra Valley Pref.	1,205-0
Bombay Steam Pref.	261-4
Bombay Tram Pref	73-0
Central India Pref.	492-8
Katni 1st Pref.	115-0
Katni 2nd Pref.	128-12
Punjab Cement Pref.	13-4
Tata Hydro Pref.	119-1
Tata I. & S. 1st Pref.	152-8
Tata I. & S. 2nd Pref.	84-0
Tata Power Pref.	1,246-0
Vishnu Pref.	600-0
DEBENTURES.	
6 p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	107-8
6-1/2 p.c. Bombay Tel. Deb.	56-13
7 p.c. Sholapur Deb.	96-4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro Deb.	107-8
RAILWAY SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	772-8
Amritsar Patti Old	111-0
Central Provinces	81-0
Dhond Baramati	80-8
Guzerat	60-4
Hoshiarpur Doab	80-0
Larkhana	80-0
Mandra Bhon	74-0
Mymensing Rebate	88-8
Mymensing Gtd.	82-0
Pachora Jamner	61-0
Sara Sirajgunj	81-8
Sialkot Narowal	90-0
Sind Light	50-8
Tapty Valley	673-12
Upper Sind Light	86-12
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Alcock Ashdown	177-8
Br. Burma Petrol	2-14
Bombay Burma Old	463-12
Burma New	156-4
Bombay Steamer	284-6
Bombay Telephone	76-4
Belapur Sugar	190-0
Indian Radio Ordy.	400-0
Indian Radio Def.	390-0
Indian Mercantile	43-0
McKenzies	61-4
New Indian Assurance	23-6
Jupiter	11-2
Oriental	2,700-0
Vulcan	8-4
Port Canning	643-12
Scindia Steam	12-1
Tata Construction	59-4
Tata I & S def	52-4
Tata I & S def	219-6
Tata Oil	18-4

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, June 20

Broach J/A opening 204¾; highest 204¾; lowest 202¾; close 203¼

Broach A/M opening 223¾; highest 223¾; lowest 221¼; close 222½.

Oomra July opening 190; highest 190; lowest 187¾; close 188½

Oomra D/J opening 197; highest 197; lowest 195; close 196

Bengal July opening 154; highest 154; lowest 151; close 151

Bengal D/J opening 166; highest 166; lowest 163; close 164.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, June 21.

F. P. Bales	1932-33	1931-32
Receipts to date 20-6-33	8517000	9800000
Receipts Yesterday 20-6-33	18000	7000
Exports to date 20-6-33	7619000	8288000
Stock at Ports 16-6-33	3659000	3662000
Stock Interior Towns 16-6 33	1442000	1476000
Stock Liverpool 16-6-33	759000	789000
Visible Supply 16-6-33	7395000	7299000
Quantity in Sight 16-6-33	12949000	14409000
Quantity out of Sight 16-6-33	12350000	12302000

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, June 21.

The local wheat market was steady to-day on improved demand influenced by favourable foreign advices. Demand for ready is quiet. Linseed market was quiet but steady. There was better enquiry for Castorseeds:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Linseed Sept.	6	5	3
Wheat Sept.	4	15	3
Castorseed Sept.	29	11	0
Groundnuts Aug.	31	13	0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT.

Liverpool, June 21.

July	62d.
Sept.	63 1/4d.
Oct.	65 1/8d.
Tone:—Steady.	

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Chicago, June 20.

July	0.75 5/8
Sept.	0.77 5/8
Dec.	0.80 1/8

ARGENTINE LINSEED.

Buneous Ayre, June 20.

June	11.48
Tone: Quiet.	

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 20

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels June/July paid 22/6

Wheat Barletta Russo parcels—July paid 22/3

Wheat South Australian parcels—June/July sellers 25/9

CITY AND SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu Jeth Vad 15 1989

Muslim—Safar 28. 1352.

Parsi—Deh 19. 1302.

Sunrise—6h 2m.

Sunset—7h. 18m.

Hightide—12-12-23-4.

Lowtide—5-02—18-16.

PHASES OF THE MOON—New Moon, 23rd June, 6h. 52m. p.m. First Quarter 1st July 3h. 10m. a.m. Full Moon, 7th July 5h. 21m. p.m.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

Harwood League: Green Howards vs. Attached Section, Cooperage, 6 p.m.

S S Mooltan with English mails, due in Bombay at 3 p.m.

FRIDAY, June 23.

Harwood League: G. I. P. Rly. vs. 15th Bde. R. A., Cooperage, 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, June 24.

Harwood League: R. A. Colaba, vs. Green Howards, Cooperage, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION.

Public Lecture Mr. L. B. Raje will lecture in English at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (French Bridge Chowpati) To-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) Subject:—Fellowship of Faith.

VURJEEVANDASS MADOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.

During the month of May the total number of patients treated in this Dispensary was 996 among them the number of new admissions was 282 among them being 223 Hindoos Musulmans 37 and 22 Christians.

The average daily attendance was 37.

WRIST-WATCH FOUND.—A wrist-watch has been found from the Walkeshwar Road to-day. The owner may take it from the following address:—Mr. M. P. Pandya, Chief Cashier, Netherlands Trading Society, Petit Building, 356 Hornby Road, Bombay.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Doctor X". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Fast Life". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CARLTON—"Red Dust". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"King of the Jungle". Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"The Kid from Spain". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WEST END—"Puran Bhakta" Daily at 5-30 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA CINEMA—"Hatamtai" Daily 5-30, 3 and 10-30 p.m.

ROXY—"Lord Camber's Ladies" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOHRA BROTHERHOOD.—The Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Bohra Brotherhood was held on Sunday last when the annual report and statement of accounts were read out and passed. Then the election of new office-bearers took place.

SHREE GAUDIYA MATH.—Upadeshak Sripad Hayagreeva Brahmachary Bhakshastri, a learned preacher of Sree Gaudiya Math, will deliver a speech in English on "Way to Peace and Harmony" in the Math premises at Babulnath Road, Chowpatty, to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

STEAMER MOVEMENT.—The Homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Moldavia" with the mails from Bombay of the 10th instant, arrived at Port Said at Midnight on the 19th instant, and left there at 3 a.m. the following day.

Outward P. and O. mail steamer "Rajputana" with the mails from London of the 15th instant arrived at Port Said at 3-30 a.m. on the 21st instant and left there at 10 a.m. the same day.

PUBLIC LECTURE ON BANKING.—Under the joint auspices of the Muslim Students' Union and the Youth Lodge Theosophical Society, Principal Shorab R. Davar, Bar.-at-Law will deliver a public lecture on "India's Banking Problem, with special reference to the contemplated Reserve Bank," to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Union Hall, Elavatsky Lodge French Bridge, Chowpatty.

Mr. Manu Subedar, B.Sc. (Ecs.) will preside.

CLASSES IN FIRST AID.—Under the auspices of Scouts Union Ambulance Branch (St. John Ambulance Association) classes in First-Aid, Home Nursing, Home Hygiene and Sanitation for males will be conducted under the Supervision of the the Hon. Secretary G. S. Kothare in the Bharat English School, above Bharat Book Sellers next to Muktagiri Painter or Bradley Night School, Thakurdwar, every Sunday, commencing from Sunday (25th inst.).

Successful candidates will be awarded Association's Certificates.

Classes are Free to all without distinction of caste and creed. Those desirous of joining the classes and register their names with the Secretary, G. S. Kothare, by attending on the above day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

EDUCATIONAL

MATHEMATICS CLASSES for MATRICULATION STUDENTS will open from 1st July, 1933. Fees Rs. 5 per month. Time 8 to 9-30 a.m. or 6 to 7-30 p.m. Enrolments daily from 8 to 9 a.m. Conducted by M. K. CHAVATHE, B.A., LL.B. and another LL.B Khanderao Blocks, Khotachi Wadi, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay.

WATCH FOR

MAURICE CHEVALIER

IN

LOVE ME TO-NIGHT

THE GREATEST OF ALL

Smashing all world's records for SPEED... LAUGHS...

THRILLS!

— With a Happy-Go-Lucky Cast —

✧ WILLIAM HAINES ✧ CLIFF EDWARDS

✧ MADGE EVANS ✧ CONRAD NAGEL

✧ KARL DANE

ALSO SHOWING:— COLOUR SCALES & 1933 DERBY RACE

Newsreel includes Pope declaring Holy Year open and Intimate Glimpses of Bernard Shaw.

THE CAPITOL

City's Leading Talkie House

To-night at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

EDINBURG UNIVERSITY

Loncal Graduates To Celebrate 350th Anniversary

A meeting of graduates of the University of Edinburgh will be held on Wednesday (June 8th) at 6-30 p.m., in the Convocation Hall, University of Bombay to consider arrangements for celebrating locally the 350th anniversary of the foundation of the University of Edinburgh.

At the request of the Edinburgh University Authorities, a list of Graduates resident in Bombay Presidency is being prepared and graduates are requested to co-operate in the effort by communicating their names, addresses, degrees, and year to the Revd. D. F. Mackenzie, St. Andrew's Church, Fort, Bombay.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

6-30 a.m.

Commercial Bulletin.

Liverpool and New York Cotton Closing Rates.

12 -00 Noon.

Selection of Indian Gramophone Records.

12-30 p.m. Selection of European Gramophone Records.

1-00 p.m. Bombay Market: Opening Rates.

5-30 p.m.

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.

Relay of Music from Capital Cinema (By kind permission of the Management).

6-30 p.m. News Available.

7-00 p.m. "Moments Musical" By Richard Meredith.

7-10 p.m. The B.B.C. Symphony Orchestra Conducted by Dr. Adrian Boult Arthur Rubenstein Solo Pianoforte.

1. Orchestra Overture "Hansal and Gretel" Humperdinck.

2. Arthur Rubenstein and Orchestra. Concerto No. 1 in B Flat Minor, Opus 23. Tschaikowsky.

3. Orchestra. "Pomp and Circumstance" Marches.

No. 1 in D Major.

No. 2 in A Minor Elgar.

(Conducted by the Composer)

8-30 p.m.

Cotton, Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat, Stock Exchange and other Market Prices.

8-45 p.m.

EUROPEAN PROGRAMME.

Weather Report & News Bulletin.

INDIAN PROGRAMME.

9-00 p.m. News in Hindi.

New York Opening, Liverpool Closing (or latest available) and Bombay Current Rates.

Recitation of Holy Koran by Mrs. Syed Bai Sunderabai in popular songs accompanied by Dattaram Parwatkar in Sarangi.

11-00 p.m. God Save The King Emperor.

EMPIRE BROADCASTING

4-30 p.m.—Transmission on an omindirectional aerial.

7-00 Time Signal from Big Ben. News Bulletin.

7-15 An Interlude.

7-20 Band of His Majesty's Grenadier Guards.

7-30 Time Signal from Greenwich: Opening of South Africa House, London, by H. M. The King.

7-40 Old English Music.

8-15 Pianoforte Recital by Cecil Dixon.

8-35 Hotel Metropole Orchestra.

9-15 Northern Studio Orchestra.

9-45 B. B. C. Dance Orchestra.

10-30 Village Cricket., a sports talk by Mr. K. M. Lindsay.

10-45 News Bulletin.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND (WEATHER PERMITTING.)

By kind permission of Lt. Col. O. G. Edwards V. D. & Officers the Band of the 1st Bn. The Great Indian Peninsula Rly. Regt. A. F. I will play at the Esplanade Bandstand to-day (Thursday) commencing at 6 p.m.

ACCEPTANCE OF CHEQUES FOR PHONE CALLS.—It has been decided that Post Offices will hereafter accept cheques from telephone subscribers on account of payment of rent for telephones and trunk call fees if drawn on any well-known bank. Postmasters will arrange to cash without delay such cheques if drawn on a local bank and credit the money in their accounts, while those drawn on banks with which the Imperial Bank of India has clearing facilities, will be paid without delay into the branch concerned of that bank. When a cheque drawn on a Bank at an out station is received, it will be endorsed in favour of the postmaster of the station in which the bank is located. Subscribers will be given a receipt on the usual form.

Madras, June 24.

In connection with the explosion of country cracker inside the premises of the Chief Presidency Magistrates Court in Madras on June 7, during the trial in the City Bank Case, Ramaswamy, a Madura youth and Rajagopalan, who were arrested subsequently in connection with the incident were released.—A. P.

STERLING WEAK

Liverpool Cotton Firms Up

(From Our Correspondent), Bombay, June 21.

Gilt-edged Securities ruled steady at the London Stock Exchange on Wednesday. 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling loan improved by 5s to £79 3/4.

LONDON SILVER

The London silver market ruled easy owing to poor support. There was some American and Continental selling. Prices closed as under:—

Spot Silver 19 1/16

Difference —1/8

Forward Silver 19 1/8

Difference —1/8

BOMBAY PRICES

Prices in the local market were as under:—

Ready Silver Rs. 57-4.

Ashad delivery 57-8.

Shavan delivery Rs. 58-2

Gold Ashad Rs. 30-2

Gold Shravan Rs. 30-2

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The Liverpool cotton market was due to open at a decline of 11 points, but it opened firm with a loss of 7 points. There was some buying by Indian operators.

Sterling Exchange was easy and favourable New York advices resulted in further improvement and the market closed at a decline of one point.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York cotton market opened at a rise of 4 points and was quoted 9 points higher at the time of Liverpool closing.

In the local cotton market business was done for Broach July-August delivery at Rs. 204-8.

Dollar sterling cross-rate was quoted at 4.17 and franc at 86.34.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, June 21.

Previous Closing	4.19-1/4
To-day's Opening	4.18
To-day's Closing	4.16-1/4

T T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, June 21.

Previous Closing	4.18-7/8
To-day's Closing	4.16-1/4

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau, 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

JULY.

New York, June 21.

Previous Closing	9.12
To-day's opening	9.16
Difference	plus 04
To-day's Closing	9.27
Difference	plus 15

BROACH EXPECTATION.

July/August	205
April/May 1934	223

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JULY.

Liverpool, June 21.

Previous Closing	5.93
To-day's Opening	5.86
Differenc	—.7
To-day's Closing	6.92
Difference	—.1

FRANC RATE.

Paris, June 21.

To-day's Opening	86-3/8
Previous Closing	86-7 16
To-day's Closing	86-11/32

Loan rate is 80.

NEW VENTURE IN EDUCATION

Scindia Public School To Open On July 8

Of the many educational ventures that are being made in various parts of the country, one of the most interesting is the "Scindia School", which is to be opened at Gwalior on July 7th.

The school will be managed by the Gwalior Durbar under the Principalship of Mr. F. G. Pearce but will be open to pupils from any part of the country. It is to be a wholly residential school, without any day scholars, will receive pupils of five years of age or more, and will train them for the Cambridge Senior and Matriculation Courses.

Some of the special features of the school are a resident school doctor, a highly qualified staff, all residing on the premises, and special attention to physical culture and manual training in a fully equipped workshop.

Some more particulars will be found in an advertisement appearing elsewhere. A venture like this deserves every success.

COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

Two Hindus Charged For Murder

On charge of attempt to murder and abetment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, two Hindus were committed to the Criminal Sessions by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, on Wednesday at Girgaum Police Court.

The names of the accused are Gopal Nandkishore and Gokuldas Kalidas. Sheria another Hindu who is also alleged to be implicated in the case is absconding.

Mr H. B Spencer who conducted the prosecution stated that Mangesh, the deceased and Dattaram Kasinath were brothers and lived in separate buildings in Borbhat Lane. Next to Dattaram lived one Krishnabai, mistress of accused No. 2.

SUDDEN ATTACK.

On April 19 last Krishnabai complained to Gokuldas and one Ravji that Mangesh had quarelled with her.

The same evening Mangesh and his brother were seated in Gulbar Building when the two accused approached them, Sheria also turning up suddenly. Gokuldas pointed out Mangesh and Dattaram, whereupon all three attacked the two brothers, as a result of which they received serious injuries and were removed to hospital. A few days later Mangesh succumed to his injuries.

CAUGHT BY PASSER BY.

Accused No. 1 was caught by a passerby when he attempted to run away after the assault, and was handed over to the police, who also arrested accused No. 2, while the third culprit escaped and is still absconding.

Gopal is charged with attempt to murder and abetment of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and Gokuldas is charged with abetment of attempt to murder and culpable homicide.

The accused refused to make any statement, saying that they would do so in the Sessions Court.

SHAUKAT ALI VS. SADANAND

Libel Case Postponed To July 12

The case in which Maulana Shaukat Ali is charging Mr. S. Sadanand, Editor, "Free Press Journal" and Mr. N.D. Nadkarni, Printer and Publisher, with defamation and libel, was called out at 2-25 p.m. at the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court on Wednesday.

Mr. Noori, Bar-at-Law, instructed by Messrs. Little & Co., appeared for the complainant. Mr. C. N. Kanuga, instructed by Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira & Co., defended the accused.

The case was postponed to July 12 for want of time.

SLIGHT INCREASE IN CITY'S MORTALITY

Small Pox Causes 20 Attacks

The health returns of Bombay during the 24th week of 1933, i.e. for the week ended on 17th June 1933, were as under:—

"The total mortality 494 was 20 more than in the last week; the death rate registered was 22.1 on the Census population of 1931. The mortality for the 24th week of 1932 was 389 and death rate 17.4 and the average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1928-1932 was 442 and death rate 18.5.

Out of the total deaths, 143 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, Smallpox caused 20 attacks including 1 imported from Narayandaskerpurva and 12 deaths. Plague caused 1 attack and 1 death and Cholera was absent.

The number of live-births registered during the week was 471 as against 484 for the 24th week of 1932 and 447 the quinquennial average for the corresponding week in the five years (1928-32)."

PARSI STUDENTS UNION.—The Union is started with a view to foster friendly feeling among the past students. It is registered in the school. It is worked on systematically.

All the past students are requested to see the Secretary or Mr. Kale, teacher in the Shet D. C. T. High School and enrol their names.

A general meeting will be held on Sunday the 25th June at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Shet D. C. T. High School hall and all the past students are cordially invited to attend.

Faction Fight That Ended In Murder

Accused Committed To Sessions, Story Of How It All Happened

Teda Mirza, Teku Sahebali and Khudabux were committed to take their trial at the ensuing Criminal Sessions of the High Court by the Acting Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court, on charges of murder and abetment to murder.

It will be remembered that on the last Idd day, namely April 6, there was a big faction fight at the junction of the Sayani Elphinstone Roads, in which Azizullah Majidullah and Babasingh Ramdas got fatally stabbed and three others escaped with injuries.

It was reported that ten days prior to this fatal fight Teda had assaulted Teku Sahebalii and Teku had assaulted the former in his turn the third day.

HOW IT HAPPENED

On the evening of the day in question a party consisting of Teku Sahebalii, Azizullah and Khudabux Mahomed were returning after seeing one Fakir at Saitan Chowky. When they came to the Sayani Elphinstone Road junction they were challenged by Teda Mirza. Shouting "I warned you not to enter this locality. Why have you come here?" He rushed at them with a stick aloft in hand. He aimed a blow at Teku who returned and then fell down. As he fell Azizullah rushed on Teda saying "What are you doing? Why do you assault these persons?"

As he lay wounded on the road 3 or 4 Bhayyas hit Teku with sticks and some one also stabbed him. When subsequently he was helped to rise up, he found Azizullah steeped in blood, whereupon he shouted for police.

BLOW WARDED OFF

It is said that when Azizullah aimed a blow with his stick at Teda Mirza he deftly warded it off and consequently the stroke fell on Babasingh's head who went down under it. Next Teku is alleged to have stabbed Babasingh in the abdomen. When Sadusing came to the rescue of Babasingh he was also stabbed by Teku in the back.

Meanwhile Azizullah and Teda had closed in. They went fighting to the other side of the road, when Aziz collapsed. Teda with a big knife in hand then ran towards the David Mill chawl.

POLICE ARRIVES.

When the Police subsequently arrived on the scene they took charge of Khudabux's stick and Teku's clasp knife and stick. Both Teku and Khudabux were placed under arrest. Babusingh, Sadu-Singh Jatansingh and Azizullah were all removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where Azizullah died the same night, and Babasingh died two days later.

PATHE CINEMA

SATURDAY NEXT

The World's Greatest Screen Lover

CLARK GABLE

IN

"NO MAN OF HER OWN"

WITH

CAROLE LOMBARD and DOROTHY MACKAIL

All the world loves a Winner. What if he did use crooked dice and marked cards? He played to WIN when he gambled at cards. Could he CHANGE when he gambled for LOVE?

The Finest Picture Clark Gable Ever Made

A Paramount Production.

SECOND TRIUMPHANT WEEK

BODY OF A GREEK GOD ...HEART OF A LION

A Son of the Jungle... Untouched by Civilization Until the Kisses of a Beautiful White Girl Awakened His Savage Heart... Then He Loved Her with All the Fierceness of His Pent-Up Emotions.

KING OF THE JUNGLE

A Paramount Picture

NEXT WEEK CLARK GABLE In "NO MAN OF HER OWN"

THE [illegible] (BUSTER [illegible])

• FRANCES DEE •

PATHE CINEMA

The Finest Theatre in Bombay.

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P. M.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1933

A POLITICAL CHARLATAN

Anyone who has the patience to read the different leading articles of the "Free Press Journal" on Mr. Aney's decision and the leading article on the same subject in Monday's "Indian Express", of which the Free Press of India are the Proprietors, may well doubt at the end of his labour whether the "Free Press" has any consistent views at all on the subjects on which it has been writing so censoriously. The action for which Mr. Aney is contemned and vilified by the organ of the Free Press in Bombay is one day later warmly commended by the organ of the Free Press in Madras. Even a Rothermere or a Beaverbrook could not be more audaciously dishonest.

EMPTY WORDS?

After its outburst on Sunday, one expected that the Bombay organ of the Free Press would formulate a clear-cut programme more heroic than is possible for the present "Congress Command" including Mahatma Gandhi. But what is it that is presented to the country after all the abuse hurled at Gandhiji and the rest of the Congress Command? Earnest Congressmen are gravely exhorted,

"to establish contact with one another, to revive the group formations which existed before the unification in 1930 and then to proceed to secure co-ordination of activities of all the groups with a view to an effective, nation-wide programme."

This is either a mischievous and malicious conspiracy to instigate discontented cliques to organise, in order to break up Congress unity or it is empty words that bespeak an empty mind. It would be charitably to assume that it is the latter.

That inference is strengthened by what follows. For after the atrocious charges brought against Gandhiji, the paper now coolly remarks that, "it is very likely that it may be found necessary once again to unite under the leadership of Gandhiji whether for constructive or militant activities." It is impossible for a normal mind to reconcile the "Free Press" outburst on Sunday against even a few weeks' suspension of Civil Disobedience with the approval suggested on Wednesday of the country's uniting again under Gandhiji's leadership for constructive activities. We do not know who can be expected to take this sort of blatant inconsistency seriously, but we suppose there is a market somewhere for every kind of human absurdity and chicanery.

LIMIT OF INANITY.

The Journal reaches the limit of inanity in the anti-climax to its diatribe against the suspension of Civil Disobedience in which it lays down the "urgent duty" of Congressmen. It says:

"The urgent duty before the leaders and workers who are free is to take stock of the political situation, to exchange notes with one another, to form homogeneous groups and then to arrange for a conference of representative workers of the various homogeneous groups with a view to ascertaining the largest measure of common agreement."

So, in the end, we find nothing in effect but the same proposition that has been urged in our own columns for weeks past. But if the most urgent duty is for all leaders and workers to take stock of the situation and to exchange views, has not Mr. Aney provided an admirable opportunity for the very purpose? Why vilify the Congress Command for facilitating the performance of the most urgent duty? In fairness we must state that the Free Press of India's Madras organ does not join in the vilification. The "Indian Express" is consistent enough—possibly its instructions miscarried—to confirm what it said at the time of the first suspension of Civil Disobedience:

"It is a matter of regret that the C. D. movement was suspended only for six weeks. If the reasons for suspending it were valid at all, Mr. Aney will be entirely justified in extending it for another six weeks."

Thus the Madras paper in glaring contrast to its Bombay parent fully realises the difficulties confronting Mr. Aney and adds:

"We are not unaware of the difficult position in which Mr. Aney and the other leaders of the Congress outside the jail find themselves. They could not have taken any decision to withdraw or prosecute the movement without taking Gandhiji's advice. Only the constitutional power of the Working Committee or the personal authority of Gandhiji could have done the former."

When the "Free Press Journal" finds it difficult to be consistent with itself, we must not expect much consistency between it and the Madras organ of the Free Press of India.

WILL HE DARE?

Leaving aside the inconsistencies of the past we would like the "Free Press" even now honestly and unequivocally to say what precisely it does stand for. It asks others "to form homogeneous groups". We would like to know which particular homogeneous group it represents? The only logical conclusion of its denunciation of the suspension of Civil Disobedience and its vilification of those responsible for the decision, is that it holds the conviction that Civil Disobedience should be resumed. Will it have the courage and consistency to say so openly? It has not dared to say so and we do not think it will. And anyone of its readers, who was deluded enough to believe that all the sound and fury of the last two days meant that Mr. Sadanand was about to lead a 'Jehad' against all those who advocate the abandonment of Civil Disobedience and become the leader of a movement for its resumption will be sadly disappointed to find that he has nothing more exciting to suggest than the reconstitution of defunct cliques and groups and the exchange of notes, and that he is only what he has always been, a clumsy political charlatan and a figure of fun.

The Silver Ramp

The message sent by our Simla Correspondent explaining the official position in regard to the sale of silver to the British Government is hardly convincing. However much Simla might be overjoyed at getting rid of India's precious white metal for the benefit of the British, it is apparently unconcerned that India has lost over a crore of rupees by this sale, for it rejoices that a reserve of five crores has been built for the Reserve Bank, which is to be independent of India for all practical purposes and whose policy is to be guided by Whitehall for the benefit of the international financiers in London.

We are amazed both at the sale and the explanation. When the United States, as also the World Economic Conference, were doing their best to inflate prices, it was criminal to sell such a large quantity of silver to America at a loss to this country, particularly when the metal was originally purchased at four times the price at which it is now sold to the British Government. We again ask, where was the indecent hurry to sell such a large quantity just now? We are inclined to believe that the whole transaction was made behind the back of the Government of India, and they were faced with the accomplished fact. There can be no other explanation of the ignorance pleaded by Sir George Schuster in reply to a Delhi paper.

The attitude of the Government of India disgusts us, for they seem entirely indifferent to the loss caused to this country through this transaction. They seem oblivious of the fact that India has been deprived of its silver for the benefit of England, which has made a good profit out of the bargain. "The Government in fact are happy," writes our Simla correspondent, "that this windfall has enabled them to add to reserves so essential for a Reserve Bank." Would they have been sorry if they had been able to add to that reserve the profit which the British Treasury has now made? The whole explanation, if explanation it is, is wholly out of joint with facts and common honesty.

It will be remembered that the first suggestion was made by Sir Robert Horne, a person who has a large interest in a silver mine in Burma and whose business it is to raise the price of that metal by any possible means. Mr. N. R. Sarkar, the President of the Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce, calculates that India has lost over a crore in this transaction and he very properly remarks: "I can only characterise it as the most shady international financial transaction in recent years." The Government of India owe a more frank explanation to the public whom they have treated with great contempt.

Press Views

A Wise Decision.

The decision of the President of the Congress to extend the period of suspension of the Civil Disobedience movement by another six weeks has been taken in view of Gandhiji's unexpectedly slow recovery and his consequent inability to take part in discussion on the future policy of the Congress. In doing this, he has acted with a dispassionate circumspection which is in refreshing contrast to the precipitate and provocative communique issued by the Government of India in reply to Gandhiji's statement explaining the suspension of civil disobedience. —"Hindu."

Not Surprising

The statement issued by Mr. Aney, acting President of the Congress, extending the suspension of the Civil Disobedience movement for a further period of six weeks, will not be received with surprise. In the first place, the fact that Congressmen are not in a position freely to consult Gandhiji on the future policy of the Congress, owing to his present state of health, has necessitated this extension. In the second place, there is also the realisation on the part of those who are now at the helm of Congress affairs, that the movement has failed owing largely to the repressive policy of the Government. Even if Gandhiji had been well and fit to take part in political discussions, we would not have visualised a revival of the movement.—"New Times."

AN ABUSE OF JUSTICE

It is unfortunate that the Ordinance Acts and the Civil Disobedience movement have not tended to increase the sense of responsibility among some magistrates, since in these cases magisterial vagaries are rarely brought before a higher court of appeal. Mr. Justice Baker and Mr. Justice Broomfield have just given judgment in a case in which a boy of 15 was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, Fifth Court, Bombay, to six months rigorous imprisonment, for taking part in a political meeting. The Magistrate apparently did not think it was his business to inquire whether boys under 15 were sent to an ordinary jail or not, if we leave aside the charitable suggestion that he was ignorant of law in this matter.

Mr. Justice Baker very rightly observed that, from the nature of the offence, it did not appear that the boy was of "so unruly or so depraved a character as not to be a fit person to be sent to a reformatory school." Why was he not sent there by the Magistrate, when there are specific provisions to that effect? The Children's Act is there to prevent young and impressionable boys from being sent to associate with hardened criminals and we find it hard to characterise with moderation the irresponsibility of a magistrate who failed to take advantage of it in such a case.

This is not the first instance of a magistrate ignoring the provisions of law, when an accused happened to be a Congressman. If the creed of a Congressman is to defy particular laws and to suffer punishment silently and not to make an appeal to higher judicial authorities, it is more desirable that the Court itself should scrupulously conform to both law and justice. In this instance both were set at nought by the Magistrate. If the case had not been taken up by the Secretary of the Children's Aid Society, the boy, who is already suffering from epilepsy, would have been compelled to pass his days in the Yeravda Jail among criminals.

We have no desire unduly to moralise over a case of this kind, the demerits of which are obvious to everyone. But there is need for putting a curb on magistrates of this kind. The law courts are not there for turning ordinary boys, however precocious they may be politically, into criminals, and then letting them loose on the public. Fortunately the judges of the High Court, as might be expected, have taken a sane view of the affair. But that is not enough. Such abuses of justice should be made impossible in the future. Young lives should not be allowed to be blasted because magistrates are either ignorant of the law or do not want to apply its provisions when they are merciful.

BERNARD SHAW ON HITLER

Nazis Simply Running Amok Like Madmen

BY HAYDEN CHURCH: EXCLUSIVE TO "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE"

While Mr. Bernard Shaw was making his recent journey around the world, entertaining accounts were given of his encounters with the press at every port touched by the Empress of Britain.

When he returned I among others asked him what was the first thing the journalists of all the many countries he visited questioned him about? He replied with the one word, Hitler.

I was fortunate enough to have a later opportunity of taking the subject of Germany's Dictator up with him. I know that difficult as he is in trivial matters, he is easily drawn when he is interested and has something to say. I was not disappointed. Incidentally, the report that follows of the conversation that ensued is authentic to the last comma, having been revised and passed for publication by "G. B. S."

TORQUEMADA REINCARNATED

Myself: "Well, Mr. Shaw, have you returned a Nazi? You came back from Italy to stand up for Mussolini. You came back from Russia to stand up for Stalin. Have you come back from everywhere to stand up for Hitler?"

Mr. Shaw: "The Nazi movement is in many respects one which has my warm sympathy: in fact I might fairly claim that Herr Hitler has repudiated Karl Marx to enlist under the banner of Bernard Shaw. You can therefore imagine my dismay when at the most critical moment Herr Hitler and the Nazis went mad on the Jewish question.

"Herr Hitler has received powers with which only the sanest of statesmen could be trusted; and his first use of them has been to reincarnate Torquemada, who believed that he was saving the world by not only burning live Jews but digging up and burning dead ones."

Myself: "Well, why not have it out with him on paper? If anyone can argue Hitler down you can. Our columns are at your disposal."

Pathological Case

Mr. Shaw: "It is idle to argue against this sort of insanity. Judophobia is as pathological as hydrophobia. A statesman infected with it may go from persecuting Jews to persecuting Jesuits Freemasons, witches, Laplanders, and perhaps finally Prussians, against whom our handful of British Jewbaiters express a peculiar animus.

"The Ku-klux outrages on negroes and Catholics in America are

(Continued on Page 7.)

Frankly Speaking

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

It is curious that the Associated Press Correspondent at Simla should have thought it necessary to point out which of the Congress Working Committee members are free and which are still in jail or interned.

As only four out of the fifteen members are now in jail, the Simla officials evidently think that the rest can arrive at any decisions on behalf of the Committee. Sir Harry Haig gave a hint in this direction in answering a question in the Assembly.

Technically no doubt the majority of the Committee are qualified to take any action they like, but so long as the President, and the ex-President, are in jail, it does not seem likely that the other members will consent radically to alter the last resolutions of the Committee.

It may also be inferred that if Government do not release even the Committee members, they do not mean peace, and such an attitude cannot possibly conciliate the Congress.

"SUPPRESSIO VERI."

Sir Henry Strakosch, of the India Office, a British nominee for India at the Economic Conference, duly safeguarded the interests of the Government in the discussion on prices at the Monetary Sub-Committee.

He was right enough in stating that a heavy fall in the prices of agricultural produce in India since 1928 meant that there was less than enough to meet "fixed charges" and less than nothing to buy necessities.

But he did not add that the largest part of the fixed charges is land revenue, which Government are not disposed to reduce except on a most niggardly scale, though Government's inexorable attitude compels the ryot to lower the prices even below the level determined by world causes.

Nor did he add that by forcibly raising the foreign exchange in India to 18 pence Government have virtually robbed the farmer of about 12 per cent of the price he should have realised for his produce.

It is not for nothing that Government have nominated British officials to represent India.

HELP THE BHILS

We have published a couple of communications from correspondents in the Panchmahals showing the pitiful condition to which the Bhil population has been reduced, owing to unemployment and other economic conditions.

There have already been some suicides owing to starvation, for there is a limit to human endurance. Bhils are a primitive people with all their virtues and drawbacks. They may never think of the morrow, but they perpetually live on the borderland of starvation, and their resources are very few.

The Dohad Municipality and the District Local Board have given these people some work, but that is not enough. The wages paid hardly keep them from starvation. The Government have been very nigardly, according to our correspondent.

There may be depression in Bombay and also unemployment on a large scale, but its citizens have never refused to respond cheerfully to the call of the starving and the unfortunate. In these days when everybody is talking of uplifting the Harijans the least that we can do is to help the Bhils, who are actually starving.

MR. N. M. JOSHI'S SPEECH.

Mr. N. M. Joshi's speech at the Friends' House, a summary of which has been cabled, does not exaggerate things in the least. We have to remember that Mr. Joshi is a Moderate.

When there is so much false propaganda abroad, particularly in Britain, Mr. Joshi did well in revealing the true state of things in India. His remarks about Bombay's slums are not overdrawn, though perhaps Ahmedabad slums may be worse.

No efforts are being made either in Bombay or Ahmedabad—we take these two cities as typical industrial cities in India,—to improve the living conditions of the workers. Everything is left to chance.

While the mill owners have deliberately neglected their workers the Government and the Municipalities too have failed to realise their own responsibilities in such matters.

There will be no improvement in these matters until workers get political power in their own hands.

A HATEFUL SYSTEM.

While the Government resolution abolishing the term "untouchable" from official documents is commendable enough, we fail to understand why they have not altogether done away with the nomenclature "Depressed Classes" which is equally reprehensible.

It must be remembered that the nomenclature is of Government's own creation, and they ought to have made a good and honest beginning in the direction. But the resolution is half-hearted and hardly does justice to the Harijans.

The appellation of "Criminal Tribes" is again most disgraceful and ought not to have been introduced in official documents for it branded certain classes for all times as criminals.

This classification is as hateful as it is arbitrary and serves no useful purpose.

It is a poor beginning to end the tyranny of names. A resolution alone will not serve the end.

Readers' Views

"DUTY OF DOCTORS"

From "Sins of Science".

The correspondence started in your paper under the heading "Doctor's Duty" reminds me of an incident which perhaps surpasses any in callousness that can be attributed to mercenary instincts of a medical man.

It seems a consultant was called to examine a child who was in a serious condition and an appointment made for the purpose.

At the appointed hour the doctor in charge and those interested in the patient anxiously waited for hours for the consultant with bated breath as the condition of the child was getting from bad to worse every minute till at length the patient expired.

The over-busy consultant attended after all, but too late and found the parents deep in grief.

The consultant after excusing himself for his late arrival, perhaps, added a few words of sorrow and sympathy for the bereavement but at the same time he would not forego his visit fees though in fact he did not attend after all.

A more remote instance in time is of my own experience.

I was on a hill-station where one of my children had a sudden attack of diphtheria.

An Assistant Civil Surgeon (an Indian) who was attending to the case sent for his boss, the Civil Surgeon (an European) for an operation as the throat of the patient was choking up.

Before however the Civil Surgeon could arrive, the Assistant Civil Surgeon thought it necessary to cut open the patient's wind-pipe as an emergency step and gave him artificial breathing which was successful but in doing so he broke some glass tubes which he had brought from the hospital.

At this stage the boss arrived and saw what had been done. But instead of promptly attending to the patient for whose safety every moment counted he began quarrelling with the Assistant for having broken the tubes and lost some minutes in so doing with the result that the patient's heart failed in the meantime and he expired.

This Civil Surgeon had the heart to send me his bill for this it which I paid.

I was too much weighed down with grief to remind this doctor not only of his heartless failure of duty but of the legal consequences of his conduct.

Coming to the "Doctor's Dilemma" a member of my family used to get slow fever after having suffered from Malaria for pretty long and one of the "Experts" whom my family doctor called suspected T. B.

I had to go through the usual role of consulting various 'Experts" on different subjects as requisitioned by this consultant to enable him to make up his mind and after a pretty stiff expense and anxiety to the patient and myself, the reports of all this galaxy of specialists showed a negative test with which this Expert agreed but still he suspected "something somewhere".

Having got disgusted with this experimenting on the patient at the cost of my pocket and the nerves of the patient I took the patient to the Punjab where I consulted a Sikh doctor and in six days' time and treatment the slow fever disappeared which was found to be the remanant of Malaria.

Compulsory Attendance

From "Afflicted."

I have read the letter of Mr. Parelkar appearing in your esteemed journal of the 17th inst. Perhaps this is the letter of its first kind but I think instances of this kind are not rare in this country.

I know of case in which a poor woman went to call a Doctor to see her daughter-in-law who was lying seriously ill and was in a precarious condition.

The Doctor lived in the same street just opposite the place where he was wanted to go and it would not have taken him more than a few minutes to go and examine the patient but the Doctor politely refused to go, saying that the poor woman should go to the Government Doctor who formerly treated the ailing daughter-in-law.

Cases of this kind could be multiplied and I think it should be made compulsory for these Doctors by some legislation to attend to such cases—fees or no fees—almost on grounds of Humanity.

INDIANISE FIRE BRIGADE

From R. R. Nadkarni.

I have read with the greatest interest the article on the "Indianization of the Bombay Fire Brigade" published in your evening edition of the 16th inst. Mr. Jawalkar has advocated the "Indianization" of the Fire Brigade in such a logical manner, giving facts and figures and the "qualifications" needed for training and Indian to take the place of Mr. Coombs when the latter retires, that nobody can ever raise any objection. Nay, not one with a notoriously pro-English convictions can find any flaw in the scheme whatsoever.

Allow me to say that the "defeatist policy" of we Indians and the "inferiority complex" from which we are suffering, are responsible for all the woes of India—political, social and the rest.

I am one with Mr. Jawalkar and strongly appeal to the City Fathers to back Mr. Gole in his laudable attempt at Indianization and decide this question once for all. As the Corporation has already recognized the principle of the appointment of an Indian to the post of the Chief Officer in its resolution of 1929, I do not think there should be any difficulty in coming to a final decision now.

NOT THE VOICE OF HINDUS

From Madhav S. Talpade.

A few days back, a correspondent from Amraoti endorsed in your esteemed columns the views expressed by Sir Chimanlal Setalvad that the Hindu Maha Sabha does not represent the bulk of educated Hindus. I venture to endorse further the statement of the Liberal leader.

I have the privilege to belong to one of the most enlightened and advanced communities of Bombay, the Pathare Prabhu community. No general meeting of the community was ever called to declare its adherence to the Hindu Maha Sabha. Dr. Moonje and Mr. Kelkar may be said to have the backing of a small section of the Hindu population. But for the reason that Mr. M. R. Jayakar once took a very prominent part in the activities of the Maha Sabha, it can neither be presumed that the Pathare Prabhus have included themselves in the fold of that institution nor that Mr. Jayakar represented the P. P. community on the board of the Maha Sabha.

The attack of the Secretary of the Sabha on Sir Chimanlal surpasses the fierce aspect of Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal's letter in defence of the Hindu Maha Sabha. It is simply ridiculous to assert that but for the reason Sir Chimanlal attended the first session of the Round Table Conference, when the savagery of repressive measures had reached its zenith, Dr. Moonje and Mr. Jayakar attended the sessions of the first R. T. C.

Indeed, I fail to understand the propriety of this statement. What led the Maha Sabha leaders to follow in the foot-steps of the Liberal leader?

With all this, can it be said that the voice of the "Maha Sabhai." is that of the Hindu intelligentsia?

INTERMEDIATE ARTS "PALI" PAPER

From A Pali Victim.

Reading the views of your correspondent "A Victimised Student", published in the columns of your widely circulated paper, I, "Another Victim" am inclined to endorse every word of my equally suffering fellow brother.

Sir, I am a "Victim" in Pali Paper—a subject taught alone in the St. Xavier's College, the only Institution in the Bombay Province.

This year, the Academic Council thought it wiser to appoint three Examiners in Pali for the last Intermediate Examination in order to test our Pali knowledge in a most crucial manner. As expected, instead of examining the papers (they were in all 30 in numbers) with moderation, as is the case in other languages, we poor Pali students were subjected to indiscriminate slaughter.

It is learnt from an authentic source that the Head Examiner claimed 51 marks (the first instance of its kind), the Professor in charge of our College too was an Examiner and he was content with 19 marks only, and the remaining 30 marks reserved for the unseen passages (which mostly remain unseen in our answer books) fell to the share of the third Examiner.

Sir, is it fair, just and sportsmanlike to make such an illogical division of 100 marks?

LET PRINCES ALONE & THEY ARE YOURS

Shaukat Ali Warns Officialdom To Give Up Old Methods Of Dealing With States

In a statement to the press Moulana Shaukat Ali expresses the hope that if the British Indian people adopted an attitude of friendliness and sympathy towards the Princes and left them alone in the matter of their internal administrations they would surely fall in line with the progressive element in India.

He also strikes a note of warning to the officials who thought they still could continue old system of dealing with Indian Problems.

The Maulana wants peace—an honourable peace between India and England which is not only desirable but is also possible.

Mr. Shaukat Ali has issued the following statement, regarding the relations between the Indian States and the British Government:—

"I was born and was brought up in Rampur State and my family had connections with Baroda and Indore, and in recent years I have come in contact with most of the Indian Princes and so I know a great deal about State affairs.

"Kashmir and Alwar incidents have clearly shown what dangers the Princes as a class have to face during this transition period. At the first Round Table Conference it was really a most delightful sight to see every Prince speaking out clearly his fullest sympathy for the advancement and progress of India. They were unanimous and this fact was a very agreeable surprise to all well-wishers of the future stability of India.

"Then the reactionary forces began their work in India, petty jealousies were aroused, and new serious difficulties raised their heads. The Princes Chamber was not yet strong, nor sufficiently disciplined to withstand these new difficulties.

JEALOUS OF THEIR SOVEREIGNTY

"As a State subject I have personally suffered and have also enjoyed certain privileges, and know that a workable understanding between the Princes and their people is not only desired by all, but is coming soon as the Princes themselves fuly realize their responsibility in this matter. To-day they are naturally very jealous of any outside interference in their internal affairs, but with better organisation in their order and more intimate contact with British India new forces would be created which would fight deceptive and mischievous influences.

CONGRESS POLICY OF 1921.

"The Congress policy of 1920 and 1921 was correct, i... British Indians should show genuine sympathy with the Princes and come in more active contact with them. The Princes with great foresight showed that they were real patriots. They demolished the barriers that had stood between them and British Indian patriots to the advantage of both. I firmly believe that the position of State subjects would improve a great deal if we adhere strictly to a policy of sympathy and association with the Princes who desire that the condition of their States should in no way be inferior to the neighbouring territories."

MOULANA'S HOPE

"With the strength of the Princes Chamber the relation between the Princes, their subjects and British Indians would improve. I have no doubt that in a few years time the Indian States would in every way compare favourably with their neighbours. In many States even now great educational agricultural and sanitary improvements have been made. We should give them sympathetic support, co-operation and encouragement to tackle their problems."

"Parties and party feeling are the bane of India and the Princes have to set an example through their Chamber that it is sacrifice alone that would give position and security for the betterment and uplift of our motherland. Constant criticism can never produce lasting friendships and, therefore, we ought to stick firmly to a policy of genuine friendship and sympathy with the States just as the Princes did at the first Round Table Conference, when they decided to federate with the rest of India and come in active contact for matters of common good.

LET OFFICIALS TAKE WARNING

"If the officials in British India and the Political Department desire a lasting understanding between India and England, they must give up dreaming that they could continue the old system of dealing with Indian problems. India has learnt a great deal and with a new life pulsating in her, she knows what she wants and will get it despite all obstruction. The world needs peace today and an honourable peace between India and England is not only desirable but is also probable.—A.P

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SPANISH PRINCE MARRIES COMMONER

Foregoes Right Of Succession For Love

(Special Cable)

LAUSANNE, June 21.

Enormous crowds defied the heavy rainfall to witness the culmination of the Romance of young prince Asturias, heir to the Spanish throne and direct descendant of the Roman Emperors, who married the commoner daughter of a Cuban planter Senorita Edelmira San Pedro Ocejo. The Civil Ceremony was performed in the Town Hall in few simple words after which the couple proceeded for religious ceremony in a small church at Ouchy, where only few guests bearing personal passports signed by Asturias were present.

Having married the Commoner the Prince henceforth takes the name of Senor Alfonso De Bourbon.

He has relinquished rights of succession to the Spanish throne which falls on Alfonso's second son Don Jaimi.

POLICE CLAMOUR AT JT. COMMITTEE

(Continued from Page 1.)

make the Police more impartial and, if necessary, more independent. Minister wouuld control the policy, but there would be no interference with practical departmental working of the Police.

Loveluck suggested inquiry with a view to improvement of housing; armament and general conditions of rank and file. Sir T. B. Sapru was informed that the attitude of messes generally towards Police had improved, but when the position of Bengal was raised. Griffith said that Bengal was not represented among the witnesses. Loveluck stated there were one or two Bengal members on tre Committee and they were more strongly opposed to alteration of the present conditions.

REFORMS UNWORKABLLE IN BENGAL.

Loveluck tried to get a Bengal Officer to join the present deputation to the Select Committee; but he was unwilling and expressed opinion that it was impossible to work a reformed constitution in Bengal.

Sir Akbar Hydari indicated that states would not agree to the proposed Federal Inspector-General as far as the proposal affected them.

TIGER CAVE CONSPIRACY

Approver's Story In Ooty Bank Raid Case

CASH BOX REMOVED

Sulphuric Acid Syringe In Hand To Scare Away Pursuers

COIMBTORE, June 20.

The trial in the Ooty Bank Raid Case commenced before Mr. C. J. Paul, the Additional District Magistrate, of five accused, Nityanand, Kushi Ram Mehta, Bhuta Singh, Bachulal and Shambu Nath, the sixth accused, Ratna Sabapathy, a Madrasi motor driver turned approver, being granted pardon by the District Magistrate of the Nilgiris.

The first four accused stand charged with dacoity armed with deadly weapons.

The first witness examined was Ratna Sabapathy, the approver, who narrated how the accused conspired together at a tiger cave near Ootacamund on April 25 and planned to commit dacoity, on some bank at Ooty.

He stated that he himself and the first four accused were dressed in khaki and four of them having revolvers each, motored to Ooty and raided the Travancore National Bank on April 26.

Witness waited outside in the verandah with a syringe filled with sulphuric acid and instructed by the first accused to scare away the pursuers.

After removing the Cash Box, they drove via Cooner, picked up the fifth accused, abandoned the car after passing Mettupalayam and dispersed.

Witness was arrested on May 12 in Madras.

The fifth accused put some questions to the witness, while others declined to cross-examine him.—A. P.

JOINT EXAMINES LAND HOLDERS

Princes Dewans To Be Examined To-day

LONDON, June 21.

The Select Committee sat throughout the day and privately neard evidence on behalf of various Landholders Associations and Maharajah of Venkatagiri on behalf of South Indian Liberal Federation. To-morrow evidence will be given by Lord Sinha, Chamber of Princes, Dewans of Kashmir, Cochin and perhaps Sir Louis Stewart.—Reuter.

ANDHRA LEADER FASTS

MADRAS, June 21.

K. Nageswara Rao, Editor "Andhra Patrika" and President Andhra Board of the Servants of Untouchable Society has been fasting since 12th June. The fast will be continued till Tuesday when he may issue a statement explaining reasons for it.—A. P.

IMPENDING EXODUS

Bombay Nadar Mahajanas To Quit Dharavi

At the eighth annual general meeting of the above Sangam, held at their Offices at Saleh Mohamed Building, Bombay, on 18th instant, the following resolution, which had been unanimously passed at a previous extraordinary general meeting, was formally confirmed:—

"That the community (numbering 500), which has hitherto refused to budge from Dharavi, as all could not move at the same time, should quit that place as soon as a suitable building, sufficient to accommodate them all, is erected at somewhere between Sion and Matunga."

The meeting, which was attended by the full strength of the community, had a distinguished guest, in the person of the Reverend Father Y. Xavier of St. Michael's Church, Mahim. Himself a Nadar, and one of the four or five men of this very large community of South India, who have so far become Priests in the R. C. Chruch, besides being the only Tamil priest in all Bombay, he exhorted those present to continue their determination to remain united at all costs, to love each other and to live in peace with their neighbours.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

His Excellency the Viceroy and party returned to Simla to-day from Nainital—A.P.

Delhi—The Chief Commissioner Delhi has exempted from the payment of the house tax all school buildings, i.e. buildings exclusively built and used for schools, situated within the limits of the New Delhi Municipality.—A. P.

Shrimathi M. Maragathavalli Ammal who has been elected by the Taluk Board, Tiruppatur, as member to the District Educational Council, Ramnad, and also a member of the Musicipal Council, Karaikudi.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET REPORT

Jute Shares Firm Up: Coals Steady

CALCUTTA, June 21.

In Share Market to-day Jute shares firmed up again in sympathy with better Hessians and Gunnies and good business resulted. Coals were steady with limited number of transactions. In Teas a fairly good number of deals took place at improved rates. In Miscellaneous Indian Standard Wagon ordy and Indian Wood Products marked down over their last quotation. Government Securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations: —

Securities:—3 1/2 per cent paper 80/5; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 94/8 small lot.

Banks—Central Bank 22/4; Imperial Bank fully paid 1205.

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan pref. 91 small lot; Hardwar Dehra 102 small lot; Upper Sind Light 83/12.

Cotton:—Kesoram 3/10.

Coals—Bengal 205 small lot; Bokare and Ramgur 6/12; Burrakur pref 116/8; New Beerbhoom 8/15.

Jutes:—Alliance 313 small lot; Anglo India 364; Auckland 187; Bally 155 small lot; Bally pref 10; Barnagore 149 small lot; Budge Budge 365; Caledonian 533; Cheviot 235 small lot; Dalhousie 380 small lot; Dalhousie pref. 128; Empire 39/12; Gourepore 355 small lot; Hooghly pref. 16/4 ex div; Howrah 51/7; Kamarhatty 490; Kanknarrah 459; small lot; Lawrence 501 smallodd lot;; Lawrence pref. 129/8; National 23/4 small lot; New Central 411; North brook 51 small lot; Presidency 5/4 Standard 356; Union 408 small lot; Waverley 1/4 smallodd lot;

Teas—Bhatkawa 39/8; Dimakusi 21/4; Dauracherra Easten Gachar 11/6; Hasimara 33/8; Hattikhira 17/8 Hantapara 332; Huldibari 21/4; Kaliti 11/4; Kalacherra 40; Killing Valley 16/8; Looban 5/6; Moheema ord 13/8; Singell 103 small lot; Telipara 342 Titabur 8/8 Tukvar 23/8.

Miscellaneous—Burma Corporation 9; Tavoy Tin 4/4; Indian Galvanising 9/12; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 46/12; B I Corporation pref 110; Indian Wood Products 32/12 small lot; Madan Theatres As. 5; Borelli 85 cents; Balrampur 12/10 smallodd lot; Carew & Co 16/8, Murree Brewery 169 ex div; New Savan 16; Rohtas Rs. 7; Rohtas Paid up As. 6; premium; Ryam 46/12; Samastipur 17/12; South Behar 10/4.

Debentures.—5 per cent 1933/43 Presidency Jute 98/8; 6 1/2 per cent 1931/61 Great Eastern Hotel (Free of Incomtax) 110; 7 per cent 1930/40 Calcutta Jute Manufacturing 104.—A.P.

VICEROY HALTS AT JEOLIKOTE

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

H. E. the Viceroy on his way to Nainital halted at Jeolikote half way up the hill, where the Indian Christian Mission conducted by Capuchin Fathers is situated and was met by Father John Chripostan, Reverend Mother, provincial priests and European residents adjoining the Vergmont Farm. A little girl presented His Excellency with a bouquet. After a few minutes' conversation, the Viceregal Party proceeded on its journey.—A. P.

A CORRECTION

Under the caption Daratul Adab meeting an item appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 21st June. The place where the function was held is Bombay and not Hyderabad (Deccan) as has appeared and the paper read was on Elephanta Caves and not on Ajanta Caves. Readers may kindly note.

THEY TACKLE JOB SERIOUSLY

Economic Commission Discussions Reach Practical Stage

COMMITTEES' WORK

All Talk Business And Are Now Meeting In Camera To Draft Proposals

LONDON, June 21.

Expedition with which the Economic Commission of the World Economic Conference has carried out general discussion under the direction of Dr. Colijn (Holland) has given considerable satisfaction and delegates express the opinion that the work has now reached a practical stage.

The First sub-Committee has surveyed the whole problem of return to normal trading conditions including tariffs.

The second sub-Committee has dealt with the specific problems of wheat, production of raw materials and industrial and agricultural cartels.

The third sub-Committee is discussing subsidies including Norwegian proposal for abolition of shipping subsidies and of export bonuses. Important item on the agenda namely reduction of unemployment through public works, has been left in abeyance until it is discussed by the Monetary Commission.

The sub-Committees will now meet privately to draft concrete proposals.—Reuter.

CHANGE OF SURETIES

Meerut Prisoner's Application

CALCUTTA, June 21.

Radharaman Mitra, accused in the Meerut Conspiracy Case who was sentenced to 4 year's rigorous imprisonment and released on bail, pending the disposal of his appeal along with other accused before the Allahabad High Court, applied to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, for the change of his two sureties. The names of Dr. Bhupendra Nath Dutta (Swami Vivekananda's brother) and Mr. Suresh Chandra Majumdar, a prominent Congressman and owner of the Sree Gauranga Press, were mentioned as those prepared to stand sureties.

The Magistrate forwarded the application to the C.I.D. for report.—A. P.

"PRINCE INDRAPAL OF KAPURTHALA"

But He Was Mere Impersonator Whom Friends Duped

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, June 21.

Sher Singh and Shanti Swarup have been arrested by the local police in the Krishna Hotel in Moulganj. It is is said tha Sher Singh was being impersonated by his companions who were 7 or 8 in number as Prince Indrapal Singh of Kapurthals. They are said to have duped a large number of people in Delhi, Agra and other places. The other companions had left earlier in the day, leaving Sher Singh fully intoxicated with Bhang. The Police is trying to trace them out. Many valuable clothings and beddings were recovered in the Haul.

WADI BUNDER G.I.P. WORKERS MEET

(From A Correspondent.)

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Wadi Bunder Branch of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union was held on Sunday the 18th instant. The Committee deliberated over the question of participation in the Annual General Meeting of the Union called by Khedgikar group at Nagpur. After a great deal of discussion the M. C. passed a detailed resolution condemning the disruptive and anti-working class policy of Khedgikar Zulmiram group in the Union and expressing its considered opinion that the Nagpur meeting was unconstitutional and unauthorised and merely a cloak for an attempt to disrupt the Union.

The Branch decided not to participate in the meeting.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 21st June 1933, tenders to the amount of £355,000 at 1s. 6 1/16d. were received and allotted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 28th June 1933, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Drop In Silver Prices Swells Army Of Unemployed

Master Cotton Spinners' Federation Beseach "National" Govt. To Co-operate With Entire America

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 21.

According to the "Financial News", Manchester correspondent, over one and a quarter million spindles in Lancashire have been scrapped, and thousands of looms have been rendered idle, as a result of the fall in the price of silver, said Lieutenant-Colonel R. L. Hardon, the former Associate Editor of the "China Press", while addressing the Federation Master Cotton Spinners' Associations.

PLEA FOR SECURING INCREASE IN PRICE.

The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners, later, unanimously passed a resolution, to be forwarded to Mr. MacDonald, the Chancellor of Exchequer and all members of the House of Commons, urging Government to co-operate with the United States, Mexico, Canada and Argentina, for securing an increase in the price of silver and its international stabilisation.

BERNARD SHAW ON HITLER

Continued From Pape 6)

a well-known variety of delirium tremens; but no Kleagle has yet been made President of the United States. The Nazis are suffering from an epidemic of a very malignant disease; and the result is that the British police had to protect Dr. Rosenberg when he came to London—expecting, apparently, to be received with open arms by a friendly England,—from being treated as mad dogs are treated."

Myself: "Well, if you won't argue with Hitler, why not psycho-analyse him? Where did he get this anti-Jew complex? What has it to do with Fascism? Mussolini does not persecute Jews. Why should Hitler?"

Mr. Shaw: "Quite true. Judophobia is not a part of Fascism, but an incomprehensible excrescence on it."

Mania For Persecution

Myself: "It looks in England as if he had a mania for persecution as such."

Mr. Shaw: "No, his other attacks are intelligible enough. Fascism is necessarily in conflict with the Liberal parliamentarianism; the two are Ghibelline and Guelf. It is in conflict even with Communism because the two are rivals in the revolutionary field, like Baptist and Roman Catholic missions in Africa. The persecution of Liberals and Communists is therefore natural enough."

Myself: "But where does the persecution of the Jews come in?"

Mr. Shaw: "Dr. Rosenberg replies that the Jew is a profiteer."

Myself: "Of course he is. But so are we all. There is nothing peculiar to the Jews in that, is there."

Mr. Shaw: "Nothing whatever, except that the Jew often understands the game better and is cleverer at playing it than the sort of flaxen haired chump who feels flattered when he is described as a Nordic.

"There is nothing in Dr. Rosenberg's excuse. It is true that as the Nazis are professed Socialists they are pledged to put an end to profiteering. But if there is any lesson that the Socialists have had to learn of late, both from my urgent precepts and from the bitter experience of the Soviets with the Kulaks, it is that a Socialist Government must not expropriate the private employer until it is ready to take his place and do his work.

A Silly "Gaffe"

"A silly 'gaffe' like the expulsion of Einstein, recalling the French Revolution's "the republic has no need of chemists' when Lavolsier was guillotined, does not matter: Einstein is as great a man out of Germany as in it; and though the colossal laugh which sounded throughout the civilised world at his expulsion was altogether at the expense of the Nazis, still they can pick Einstein's brains as easily when he is beyond the frontier as they can pocket the material property he has had to leave behind him.

"But when they ruin their ordinary private employers and put them out of productive action without immediately taking over and carrying on their businesses, they reduce production, and presently find the country faced with famine."

Myself: "As Lenin did in Russia before he saw his mistake and had to undo it by the N.E.P."

Mr. Shaw: "Precisely. Even on the ridiculous assumption that the Jews are the only profiteers in Germany, their persecution and expropriation can only transfer their profiteering businesses to the German profiteers, who are just as greedy for profit.

Running Amok

"Now if the Nazis are prepared to injure Germany in this useless and cruel way for the sake of destroying the Jew 'qua' Jew, it is evident that they are not acting as Fascists or as Socialists but simply running amok in the indulgence of a pure phobia; that is, acting like madmen. By doing so they are throwing away all the sympathy they were entitled to from European public opinion'"

Myself: "Had they any?"

Mr. Shaw: "Most certainly they had. As Fascists they had the sympathy of Italy. As Socialists using Bolshevist dictatorial tactics they had the sympathy of Russia, in spite of the rivalry of Fascism and Communism. And elsewhere they had the sympathy of the vast mass of public opinion which has turned angrily away from the delays, the evasions, the windy impotence and anarchist negations of our pseudo-democratic parliamentary system. All this sympathy has been turned into angry ill-will in a single day by an explosion of a senseless Judophobia."

Myself: Can you explain it?

Quarantine Them !

Mr. Shaw: "Well, Herr Hitler's friends tell me that he was forced to sanction the raid on the Jews just as military leaders in the eighteenth century were forced to allow their soldiers to sack conquered cities; but we cannot be persuaded that the great Nazi movement which has carried him to his four-years dictatorship is not something nobler than the blackguardism of the troops of Tilly and Suvarov. Such a defence reduces Fascism to mere racketeering. Herr Hitler and Captain Goering should put all their followers into quarantine until they can be certified as cured of Judophobia.

"May I add that I am not a Jew? I belong to that still naively anti-Jewish nation, the Irish. The Irish do not know that Jesus Christ was a Jew. Probably ninety-nine per cent., of the Nazis are equally ignorant."

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KARACHI.

GRAND MUFTI EXPLAINS INDIAN MISSION

Says Palestine Universitv Will Forge Bond Of Union Among Muslims In All Parts Of Word; Declines To Speak On Politics

DELHI, June 21.

"A distinctive feature of the proposed International Muslim University in Palestine will be the true cosmopolitanism pervading all its departments. Every effort will be made to inculcate in the minds of those, who would come there fore the light of learning, the ideas of Muslim fraternity, which would certainly strengthen the bonds of brotherhood between different parts of of the Islamic world," declared His Eminence, the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem and His Excellency Mohammed Ali Pasha in a joint interview to the Associated Press, describing the aims and ideals of the proposed university.

OPEN TO ALL MUSLIMS.

Asked in what essential respects would their university differ from Jamia Azhar (perhaps the oldest and the most venerable educational institution of its kind in Egypt), they replied that in the former seat of learning, the education of an almost purely religious type was imparted, but in the Palestine University, religious education would be coupled with dissimination of knowledge embracing all modern arts and sciences, besides languages spoken by Muslims all over the world. Another difference would be that whereas in the Azhar, there were restrictions on the admission of foreigners, the doors of this institution would be open to all Moslems alike, whatever be their nationality.

Next question whether they did not think that they would have to encounter special difficulties in view of their decision to make Arabic the medium of instruction, as that language generally would not be rich enough in treasures of modern sciences and arts, their reply was an emphatic "no."

They asserted that it was altogether erroneous to suppose that Arabic lagged behind the other languages in this respect.

JEWISH EXAMPLE.

Asked what special benefits would accrue to Indian Muslims, of whom they demanded to contribute to the common pool for the purpose, they said that the Americans and Jews had founded big Universities in Beirut and Jerusalem solely with a view to help their co-Religionists there. They added: "Why Muslims should not emulate their noble example and join hands in founding a university in Palestine which unquestionably is the heart of the Islamic world."

They reiterated that one inestimable advantage would be that the proposed university would be the means of forging still closer together the bonds of union among Moslems in all parts of the world.

They declined to express any opinion on the political situation in Palestine or India saying that their mission was purely educational.

Dr. Ansari is giving a dinner party to-night in honour of the delegation.—A. P.

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PALESTINE ARABS AND JEWS INFLUX

Shaukat Ali's Appeal To Indian Muslims

BOMBAY.

The following is the full text of Moulana Shaukat Ali's statement on Palestine question:—

"I am waiting to meet my friends the Grand Mufti and Muhamed Ali Pasha so that we may concentrate on the real work in Palestine. The Jerusalem University can await a few years, but the purchase of land by Zionist Jews has to be fought. There is a strong movement in favour of purchase of those lands in Egypt. The Muslim world has to help their Arab brethren by purchasing land whenever the Arabs are obliged to sell it owing to terrible economic depression."

"Sir Firoz Khan Noon has wired to me from Simla to work on the All-India Muslim Committee for collecting funds for the Aqsa University. But I have replied to him that I am going to do my utmost to face the real danger, and help to save the lands which, if once passed out of the Arab hands, could not be got back and would permanently cripple the Muslim position in that sacred land."

"I entirely disagree with some of my friends who think that we should have nothing to do with Arabs and Arabia, but concentrate all ouur energy for the work before us in India itself. In my humble way I am working day and night for organising our constructive work in India, but beside doing that we should duties which our great faith has got shut our eyes to our other of Islam on which alone would imposed on us for the solidarity depend the future happiness o the Muslims all the world over The Holy Quran says: 'All the Musalmans are brethren,' and the Holy Prophet has said, 'They have to act together like brick and mortar in a strong wall.'"

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RUMOURS ABOUT DEWAS SENIOR

Sholapur Marathas Resent It And Wire To Viceroy

SHOLAPUR, June 21.

The following resolution was passed by the Sholapur Maratha Community and forwarded to the Agent to the Governor-General at Indore and also to the Private Secretary to the Viceroy:—

"The Community notes with regret the false news spread in the newspapers against the Maharaja of Dewas (Senior) and expresses its dissatifaction with regard to the unfounded rumours in respect of the Maharaja and his family".—A. P.

"TRADE DISPUTE ACT" —A PERMANENT MEASURE?

Govt. Disposed To View It As Necessary

SIMLA, June 21.

The Trade Disputes Act as it at present stands expires on May 7, 1934. Government of India are disposed to the view that a measure of this type is necessary, and that it might be converted into a permanent act. They have accordingly addressed Local Governments firstly on the desirability of converting the Act into a permanent measure, and secondly on the Amendments that should be made to the Act. A reply is expected to reach not later than October 31. 1933.—A. P.

BAN ON JUVENILE SMOKING IN U. P.

Bill In Legislative Council.

NAINITAL, June 21.

An interesting bill will be moved by Mr. E. Ahmed Shah at the ensuing session of the Legislative Council of the United Provinces. The Bill is to prevent juveniles from smoking and will be known as the United Provinces Juvenile Smoking Act. It provides that whoever sells, gives or attempts to sell to a child apparently under the age of sixteen years any tobacco whether for his own use or not shall be liable, on conviction by a Magistrate in the case of the first offence, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and Rs. 20 and Rs. 50 in the case of the second and and subsequent offences respectively.

If any boy apparently under 16 years is found smoking tobacco in any public place, it shall be lawful for any Lambardar,r Mukkadam, teacher of a recognised school, college or university, a legal practitioner, registered medical practitioner, magistrate and member of a local body, district board, Legislative Council or Assembly to seize such tobacco and destroy it. The local government may confer on any Bench magistrate invested with powers of a magistrate of the second class or third class the power to try summarily any offence under this Act.

The objects and reasons of the Bill stated are that injurious habit of smoking tobacco is spreading amongst juveniles in India and acts to eradicate this evil have been passed in certain Provinces of India. The Bill is framed strictly on the lines of the Central Provinces Juvenile Smoking Act, 1929.—A. P.

ALL OVER MANGO TREE

Family Feud Results In Fight

SHOLAPUR, June 21.

As a sequel to a fight between the two groups of cousin brothers of Samane family of the village of Valsang, four brothers from one group were admitted in the Sholapur Civil Hospital and two from another group also were admitted. Six villagers were arrested. The fight is alleged to have taken place over the shares of the joint mango fruit property. Swords, sticks and stones were freely used.—A. P.

Ajmere.—Major G L Betham, Commissioner, Ajmere-Merwara has recommended to the Chief Commissioner the appointment of a board of conciliation under section 3 of the Trade Disputes Act to settle the dispute between the operatives and millowners of Beawar.—A. P.

PANDIT MALAVIYA IN LUCKNOW

Advised Complete Rest For Reasons Of Health

LUCKNOW, June 21.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya accompanied by Pandit Govind Malaviya and Pandit Krishnakant Malaviya arrived here last night, and is staying at "Kalkankar House". He will be leaving for Mussoorie this evening by the Dehradun Express. The Pandit consulted Chaudhari Khalif Usman and Pandit Govind Malaviya for over one and half hour.

JOIN OXFORD MISSION TO CALCUTTA

LONDON, June 20.

A strong appeal to under-graduates and young Oxford priests to join the Oxford Mission to Calcutta was made by the Archbishop of Canterbury at the annual meeting of the Mission.

He added that if any new stage would be opened in the life of India, the country would need all the spiritual force they could command.—Reuter.

HITLERITE FOR JOB

BERLIN, June 21.

A fierce quarrel is progressing in the spiiritual World owing to the Nazis' attempts to replace the Perlmate of Bodelswingh the new Anglican Church by the Hitlerite Mueller.

A meeting was summoned by laymen protestants supporters at the Berlin University, but 90 per cent of the students left the meeting, reassembled outside and unanimously resolved accepting Herr Hitler's political but not religious leadership.—Reuter.

RUSSA MEHTA'S PROGRESS

INDORE, June 21.

(From A Correspondent)

Russa Mehta who left at 3 a.m. arrived here at 4-30 completing 385 miles of actual running in 11½ hours. He encountered heavy rains and is proceeding to Agra to-morrow. The car behaved magnificiently.

MINERVA CLUB BEATS MADRAS STUDENTS

MADRAS, June 21.

A Game of Mediocre Standard was provided this evening at Chepauk when the Minerva Cricket Club beat the Madras Students Union by two goals to love in M.C.C. Hockey Tournament. Students as a team lacked cohesion and there was no vigour in their attack.—A. P.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Nainital.—In the provisional list of business of the U.P. Legislative Council for the summer session beginning at Nainital on June 27 there is a motion for consideration by Mr. Ahmed Shan to provide for suppression of immoral traffic in the United Provinces. Mr. Ahmed Shah will also move for leave to introduce a bill to prevent juveniles from smoking tobacco in the United Provinces.—A.P

Simla.—At the instance of the Central Sirat Committee, Patti (District Lahore), it has been decided to convene the All-India Sirat Conference in India. It will be held on the 7th of July, the birthday of the Holy Prophet which is celebrated all over the Muslim world. The venue of the conference has not been fixed.—A.P.

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. Solomon Benjamin, B.A.,LL.B., Mamlatdar in Borsad Taluka, to the post of Assistant Backward Class Officer for one year in the first instance, with effect from the date on which he takes charge of his appointment and allowed him to draw Rs. 320 per mensem (subject to the emergency cut) in the scale of Rs. 300—10—400 subject to certain conditions.

Pandit Govind and Pandit Krishnakant Malaviya are staying behind to attend to important business and will be leaving for Allahabad to-night. Asked about the Pandit's health, Pandit Govind Malaviya said that Panditji's health had become very poor and he had grown very weak. He could not even sit for a length of time as he soon became exhausted.

Doctors have advised him to take complete rest for a month and not to attend to any work, interview any visitor nor correspond.—A. P.

MADRAS, June 21.

An Ootacamund message says, dead bodies of a Punjabi and his two sons were found floating in Pykara Lake. It is reported the Punjabi was a petty contractor connected with the Pykara Hydro Electric Works and had sustained losses on his contracts. He and his sons were missing for a few days.—A. P.

KAFFIRS MEET RENEWED SUPPORT

Gilt-Edged Continue Out Of Favour

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, June 20.

The Stock Exchange sustained strength. Wall Street again had a favourable effect. Most markets were under the lead of internationals.

Kaffirs also met renewed support, but gilt edged securities continue out of favour in the absence of fresh investment demand.

Commodity markets generally continued under the influence of strength of America. Large business was done in sugar, rubber metals rising prices. Wall Street was strong.

Trading was feverish, with industrials shares in prominence, though profit taking occasionally developed.

BALDWIN'S ORDEAL ON 28TH JUNE

Eight Resolutions Hostile To W. P. Policy Will Be Moved

LONDON, June 20.

Indian Reforms will be a big issue at a meeting of the Council of the Union of Conservative Unionists' Associations, on 28th June, at which Mr. Baldwin will speak.

Among nine resolutions on India, one from the Provinces approves the White Paper, and supports Government generally.

Seven of the remaining eight are hostile to the Government's policy.

An official resolution from the platform will express confidence in Government that they will maintain government without tying their hands by submitting proposals to the Select Committee.

Opposition will be centred in Sir William Davison's motion, which views with grave anxiety the proposal of transfer of responsibility at the centre, and place the control of the judicial system and police in the hands of Ministers elected by provincial assemblies.—Reuter.

ON PURELY PRIVATE VISIT.

LONDON, June 20.

It is understood that Lady Willingdon's visit is purely private, the duration being about a month. Reuter.

LATEST NEWS

PROF. MOLEY STARTS FOR LONDON.

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, June 21.

Before sailin in the liner "Manhattan" for London Professor Moley said there was no possibility of Mr. Roosevelt's going to the Conference as has been rumoured. Instructions of Mr. Roosevelt were given to him were not in the nature of specific orders. He could be useful to the Delegation in giving them a background. There have been many developments since they sailed. He felt two weeks preliminaries to the Conference has been useful in exploring the possibilities of action and the United States Delegation was ready to pursue vigorously plans they had developed before sailing. America might anticipate definite results from their efforts.

GLOUCESTER, Massachusetts, June 21.

Mr. Roosevelt interrupted the cruise to discuss international matters with Col. House.—Reuter.

BENNETT'S WARNING.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON June 21.

Australia, Canada and Argentine were urged to follow the American plan of reduction of wheat acreage by Mr. Bennett, Canadian Premier, at a Conference attended by representatives of the four countries. Mr. Bennett warned the delegates that the United States possessed a surplus of 360 million bushels wheat and if nothing was done at the World Economic Conference this might be dumped on the world market, which be a catastrophe to Argentine, Australia and to a lesser degree, Canada.

It is understood a hitch has arisen over the Australian Government's opposition to the reduction to wheat acreage, while the proposal that acreage may be reduced by ten per cent in four big producing countries was criticised as too low.

KURLA MUNICIPALITY DEADLOCK

Thana Sub-Judge Issues Interim Injunction Against President And Orders Removal Of Seals From Municipal Offices

(From Our Correspondent.)

KURLA, June 20.

The seals on the Kuria Municipal offices were ordered to be removed by the First Class Sub-Judge of Thana, who issued an interim injunction yesterday afternoon against the president and the "Acting Chief Officer" asking them to hand over the charge to Mr. A. H. Pirjada, the acting chief officer, pending the disposal of the petition filed by two Municipal Concillors, which is fixed for hearing on June 24.

The orders were served last night by the bailiff on Mr. R. B. Phadke, the "Acting Chief Officer" and Mr. M. N. Patankar, the president, who removed the seals and handed over the charge to Mr. Pirjada.

BOARD'S MEETING AND APPOINTMENT

On the evening of June 17 last a meeting of the general board of the Municipality was held, when Mr. A. A. Sheikh, the assistant Engineer of the Bandra Municipality, was appointed Chief Officer by a resolution which was carried by 13 votes to 11. Several amendments were ruled out of order, including one for the appointment of Mr. A. H. Pirjada as the Chief Officer, whose name the Standing Committee had unanimously recommended.

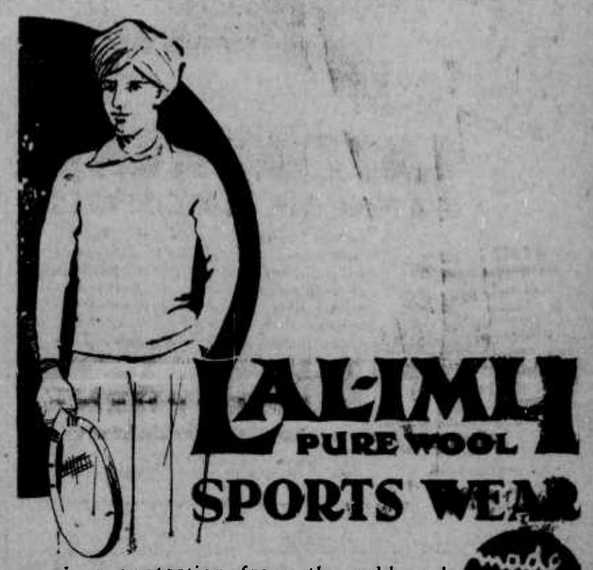
Mr. Pirjada, who was appointed Special Officer about three months ago, and was acting as Chief Officer for about a month, was removed by another resolution which was carried by 8 votes to 7 and Mr. R. B. Phadke, the secretary, was appointed acting Chief Officer" till Mr. A. A. Shaikh takes over the charge.

The president then called upon Mr. Pirjada to hand over the charge to Mr. Phadke, but the former is alleged to have refused to do so. The President is said to have sent an official letter to Mr. Pirjada's residence, but when the latter did not come, the former ordered that night seals to be put on the doors of the Municipal offices.

REMOVAL OF SEALS.

The next morning the President removed the seals and broke open the locks, but as a sequel to an altercation with the acting Chief Officer Mr. Pirjada over the question of the latter handing over charge of his office the president ordered the doors to be locked and put the seals on them again.

Two councillors, in the meantime, hurried to the Court of the First-Class Sub-Judge at Thana and presented an application praying for a declaration that the proceedings of the meeting of the general Board on June 17 last were "ultra vires" and therefore illegal, and for an interim injunction directing the President to remove the seals on the Municipal office doors and hand over the charge to Mr. Pirjada, the acting chief officer, pending the disposal of the petition filed through Mr. A. V. Chitre, the Assistant Public Prosecutor, Thana.



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PAYS BIG DIVIDEND

Bowley And McCarthy On Opening Day Of Bangalore Races

(BANGALORE, June 21.

Ideal weather prevailed for the opening to meet the Bangalore Races this afternoon which proved to outsiders a day remarkable for big dividends. Attendance was good. Brisk business was transacted Sahara Plate for Arabs in Class II was a most keenly contested affair which provided the best finish jockeys Bowley and McCarthy who scored each double. Among the trainers Ali Asker, Immamdin and Byramji Junior saddled two wins each.

Below are the details:—

The following are the results of the Bangalore Races, First Day.—

FARM PLATE.—

Disance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. L. S. Lalvani's ORPHAN 8-7 Bowley 1

Mr. Osman Chotani's BLUSH ROSE 9-3, Burgess 2

Nawab Nazir Jung's TURF STAR 9-4, Obaid 3

Countess Shannon's Guildford 9-1, Roberts 4

Also Ran.— Kildrummie 7|13. Silkonthello 7|0.

Betting 5|2 against Blush Rose. 7|2 against Orphan, 4|1 against Turf Star, and 8|1 against the rest.

Won by 2 1|2 lengths; 2 lengths and 3|4 length.

Time.—1min. 4-4|5secs.

Ten rupee tote paid Rs. 32|8 for win, and Rs. 17, and Rs. 16|8 for places.

Favourite.—Blush Rose.

Winner trained by Byramji (Jr.)

HURST PARK PLATE.—Div. II.

Distance.—7 furlongs.

Raja Nazarguni's BRIDAL MARCH 9-4, Cooper 1

Mr. K. Leslie's H-20 8-7, Bond 2

Mr. H. Hayhoe's LADY BEATRICE, 8-3, Southey 3

Raja Parlakimedi's Prospercian 8-9, Peck 4

Also Ran.—Raft Duck 8|11; Abates 8|8; Rash Hero 8|6; Gracious Star 8|4; French Bean 7|11 (car. 7|12); Kirkurd 7|7; Torrance 7|5 (car. 7|8).

Betting 9|2 Raft Duck; 5|1 Prospercian, Lady Beatrice; 7|1 Bridal March and H-20; 10|1 the rest.

Won by 3|4 length; 1|2 length; and 2 lengths.

Time.—1min. 25-2|5secs.

Tote paid Rs. 84 for win, and Rs. 22|8, Rs. 32|8 and Rs. 24|8 for places.

Favourite.—Raft Duck.

Winner trained by W. Hayhoe.

HAYHOE BAGHDAD PLATE.—(Div. I.)

Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Ismail Ebrahim's REDCAR 8-10, Bowley 1

Messrs. Surana and Kering's FAYIK, 9-4, Obaid 2

Mr. P. M. Shunmugan's SALAMAT 9-1, Burgess 3

Mr. H. Ahmed's Quarry 8-2, Dillon 4

Also Ran:—Union Jack II 9|2; Isman Pasha 9-0; Rozulmulk 8|6; Victor 8|5; Pailazaman 8|4; Sardar 8|2; Al Khaboor 7|8; Thankful 7|6; Koutaybah 7|6.

Betting: 6|4 Quarry; 6|1 Fayik. Redcar. Victor and Pailazaman: 8|1 Al Khaboor and 12|1 the rest.

Won by 3 lengths; 1 1|2 length and 1-1|4 lengths.

Time.—1min. 24-2|5secs.

Tote paid Rs. 147 for win, and Rs. 35, Rs. 46|8 and Rs. 38 for places.

Favourite.—Quarry,

Winner trained by Byramjee (Jr.)

JUNIOR TRIAL PLATE.—(Div. II)

Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Rajkumar Desrajur's ASPHALT 9-0, Black 1

Mr. H. A. Irwin's DON PATRICK 8-7, Dillon 2

Mr. L. Anthony's HIGH HATTER 8-9, Mendooza 3

Raja Ramnad's Hapmette 8-10, Clake 4

Also Ran.—Arcadius 9|4; Hooray 9|0; Triple Crown 8|13; Solomon's Seal 8|12; Guards Officer 8|10, Old Buckenham 8|7.

Betting: 4|1 Don Patrick; 5|1 Asphalt and Triple Crown; 6|1 Arcadius and 12|1 the rest.

Won by 1-1|2 lengths, 1-1|2 lengths and 2 lengths.

Time.—1min. 16secs.

Tote paid Rs. 62 for win, and Rs. 21|8, Rs. 18 and Rs. 7|8 for places.

Favourite.—Don Patrick.

Winner trained by Wishart.

SAHARA PLATE.—

Distance.—6 furlongs.

Messrs. Rambhoy Kashibhoy Ardeshir's SUBRANG, 7-4, McCarthy 1

Mr. Syed Bin Oomer's SHAIBAN 9-7, Marrable 2

Mr. A. R. Wahab's MASCAT 7-10, Alford 3

Mrs. Mashal's Bakthiar 8|1, Thompson 4

Also Ran.—High Flier 8|6; Farid Pasha 8|0; Sunny Day 7|12; Wafadar 7|6; Match Box 7|4; Billy Boy 7|2; Ma'arib 7|1; and Taj Saud 7|0.

Betting: 2|1 Wafadar; 4|1 Shaiban; 5|1 High Flier; and 10|1 the rest.

Won by neck; head and head.

Time.—1min. 24-1|5secs.

Tote paid Rs. 238|8 for win, and Rs. 60|8, Rs. 27|8 and Rs. 64 for places.

Favourite.—Wafadar.

Winner trained by Imamdin.

BAGHDAD PLATE.—(Div. II.)

Distance.—6 furlongs.

Mr. Ara Wahab's JARRA 7-4, McCarthy 1

Mr. P. M. Shanmugham's PRICELESS 7-12, Evans 2

Mr. Hamid Jamoor's GUINEA MOHUR, 8-1 Dillon 3

Mr. C. Temoolji's Nahar 7-0, car. 7-2, Fletcher 4

Also Ran.—Mansur Pasha 9|4; Rajub Pasha 9|3; Byramji 8|5; Abou Jenah 8|3; Arabian Apple 8|3; Red Lips 7|11; Maroot 7|9; Naadib 7|9; Viking 7|3; Noorulamal 7|0; and Sind 7|0.

Betting: 4|1 Guinea Mohur; 6|1 Mansur Pasha and Jarra; 8|1 Viking and 10|1 the rest.

Won by 1-1|4 lengths, 1-1|2 lengths and 1-1|2 lengths.

Time.—1min. 24-3|5secs.

Tote paid Rs. 49 for win, and Rs. 16; Rs. 32|8 and Rs. 15 for places.

Favourite:—Guinea Mohur.

Winner trained by Imamdin.

TRIAL PLATE.—(Div. I.)

Distance.—6 furlongs.

Maharaja of Mysore's HILLCOT 9-4, Peck. 1

Raja Ramnad's RED POINTER 7-11, Black 2

Mr. P. R. Subbier's MAHALAKSHMI 8-12, Selby 3

Mrs. Clarke's Aran Comrade 8-2 McCarthy 4

Also Ran.—Ashanti Gold 9|2, Nuncastle 8|12; King Finch 8|0.

Betting: 3|2 Arran Comrade and Mahalakshmi; 7|1 Hillcot and Ashanti Gold; and 12|1 the rest.

Won by 3|4 length, 1-1|2 lengths and 1 length.

Time.—1min. 16secs.

Tote paid Rs. 66 for win, and Rs. 37|8 and Rs. 44 for places.

Favourite.— Mahalakshmi and Arran Comrade.

Winner trained by Ali Asker.

HURST PARK PLATE.—(Div. I.)

Distance.—7 furlongs.

Mr. S. A. Annamalai Chettiar's HILL FLOWER, 8-8, Evans 1

Mr. Sultan Chinoy's QUI VIVE 8-10, Obaid 2

Mr. S. C. Ghosh's WISE KISS 7-7, Mendooza 3

Mr. E. Y. Chetty's Lady Friarsdale, 8-1 Black 4

Also Ran.—Thyroid 9|4; Happy Baby 9|1; Frost 8|12; Hurry Scurry 8|11; Sly Abbot 8|7; Kentish Mist 8|5; Roseville 7|13; Ardmore Lass 7|12; No Call 7|12; City Lights 7|3.

Betting: 4|1 Qui Vive; 6|1 Lady Friarsdale, Selby and Abbot; 8|1 Hill Flower and 10|1 the rest.

Won by 1 length, neck, and 3 lengths.

Time.—1min. 29-4|5secs.

Tote paid Rs. 305 for win, and Rs. 38, Rs. 14 and Rs. 18|3 for places.

Favourite.—Qui Vive.

Winner trained by Ali Asker.

BOWLERS ON TOP

Rain Damaged Wickets Spoil Cricket

BOWES PLAYS HAVOC

Worcester Gain First Victory Of Season

LONDON, June 20.

There was an amazing display of cricket in the county matches, and wickets were rain-damaged. Fifteen wickets were down for 103 runs before the lunch-interval at Kidderminster. In four matches, there was a total fall of 34 wickets for 235 runs before lunch.

Bowes was bowling very fast on a wicket which was not suited to his bowling, and he upset the early Gloucestershire batsmen. Only the plucky batting of Stephens, Van de Gucht and Goddard, who came in last, and who added 101 runs to the total, averted the dismal failure.

Bowes returned an analysis of 22 overs, 2 maidens, 69 runs and 8 wickets.

After waiting for an hour to commence through rain, Essex collapsed against Gover, the Surrey fast-bowler. Gover whose deliveries were rising stump high, took 6 wickets conceding 17 runs in 15 overs, of which 6 were maidens.

Perks with fastish righthand deliveries and Perry ran through Leicestershire.

The Nawab of Pataud in two minutes scored 7 and 27. Smith with his fast medium deliveries, kept up his bowling in predominance, but failed to prevent Worcester's first victory of the season.

Fender was all his former brilliance and had several batsmen caught in the leg trap.

Returning an analysis of 25 overs, 12 maidens, 29 runs and 8 wickets, he forced a great victory after a few minutes' extra time.

FIRST CLASS CRICKET MATCHES

LONDON, June 21.

Following are the closing scores in First Class Cricket Matches which commenced to-day:

Essex vs Kent at Chelmsford:—Kent 129 (Smith five for 30). Essex 187 for eight (Pearce 55 not out).

Derbyshire vs Gloucestershire at Chesterfield:—Derby 38 for 1.

Yorkshire vs Warwickshire at Leeds:—Yorks 229 (Sutcliffe 71). Warwick one for no loss.

Hampshire vs Somerset at Portsmouth:—Somerset 190. Hants 87 for 9.

Surrey vs Cambridge University at Oval:—Cambridge 273 (Human 110 Brown five for 62). Surrey 61 for nil.

Sussex vs Oxford University at Home—Sussex 89 (Owen Smith 6 for 14). Oxford 95 (Cornford 5 for 13). Sussex 55 for four.

Middlesex vs Worcestershire at Lords:—There was no play due to rain.

Glamorgan vs Lancashire at Swansea:—Glamorgan 305 for 8 (Dyson 60 Turnbull 62).—Reuter.

MATCH ENDS IN DRAW.

MINOR COUNTIES vs. WEST INDIES:—The match ended in a draw. Minor Counties 253 and 190 for 5 declared (Butler 50). West Indies 229 (Edwards 3 for 98), and 64 for 4.—Reuter's Special.

CALCUTTA, June 21.

The District Magistrate, Midnapore, has been appointed Chairman, Midnapore District Board, for a period of one year with effect from 13th June, 9933.—A. P.

M. C. C.'S S. O. S. TO MACAULAY

Clark Not In Fit Condition Play

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 21.

Macaulay (Yorks) was cabled by M. C. O. to-day to attend Lords on Saturday for test match against West Indies.

Clark is not playing the test match. He was examined to-doy by a doctor who said he is not fit enough to play. Clark strained his thigh muscles recently. This explains M. C. C.'s invitation to Macaulay to attend Lords on Saturday.

LEONARD WINS BY LENGTH

LONDON, June 21.

The Northumberland Plate run at Newcastle to-day over a distance of two miles resulted as follows:—

LEONARD 1

DICTUM 2

FOX-EARTH 3

Ten ran. Winner won by a length. Half a length separated the second and third.

The following were starting prices:—100|7 against Leonard, 5|2 Dictum and 8|1 Fox-Earth.—Reuter.

BRITISH CHAMPIONSHIP GOLF

Many Surprises At Hoylake

LONDON, June 20.

At Hoylake there were many surprises in the amateur championship to-day. Several former English champions were eliminated. Cyril Tolley, who returned to British Championship Golf after several years in America, repeated his 1929 victory again, beating Raymond Oppenheimer, 3 and 2 in the second round.

Tony Torrance, the last Walker Cup Captain had a hard job to beat Sydney Powell of Swansea by one point up. The Oxford Blue, H. Dugmore burned up the course out in 35, and then inward with three's at the first three holes, finished a glorious run with 2 at the thirteenth beating E. Hitchmough 7 and 6.

William Mandel, an American acrobat of Hungarian birth, was beaten in a close match by R. Thairwall of Walton Heath 2 and 1. J. Jones of St. Helens beat William Sutton, the former English Champion at the nineteenth hole.

H. Bentley, the Lancashire Champion beat John Woollam, the English Champion, 6 and 5. S. McKinlay beat Leonard Crawley, the former British Champion 3 and 2. Ivor Thomas of Formby beat Eric Fiddian, the ex-English Champion, 3 and 1.—Reuter.

F Sf E

LIFE SEVEN YEARS FROM NOW !

1933-1940

WHAT WILL BE THE POSITION OF WOMEN?

What will men, marriage and morals be like in 1940? What will be the position of women seven years from now? Will they insist on marriage? Will women lavish the love they now do on their children? Will they sacrifice their children for their country? Will they yearn for romance?

Although it means stretching ones imagination over a period of seven years from now how difficult it is to answer these questions. Still, how much more exciting will it be to project ones own self into the future and look into the next generation—into the hearts of sons and mothers of 1940. One expects 1940 to see epochal changes in architecture, fashions, furniture, lovemaking and war.

One person's prediction is as good as another's—and if yours is practical and a development of the present time you could very easily verify it at the price of a cinema seat! Sounds too good to be true, you'll say. But then it is really so if you just make a point of coming all next week to the Capitol.

A fantastic and thrilling glimpse into the future will be shown at the Capitol in "Men Must Fight" starring Diana Wynyard, star of "Rasputin and the Empress" who appears with Phillips Holmes. Everyone is anxious about the future which means that all Bombay will come to the Capitol and the advice therefore is "Get your seat now!"

JAIPUR BEATS CAVALIERS

Polo Champion Cup Semi-Final

LONDON, June 21.

(SPECIAL CABLE)

At Hurlingham in the Champion Cup Semifinal Jaipur beat Cavaliers by 14 goals to five.—Reuter.

CURTAILING RUBBER OUT PUT

Anglo-Dutch Negotiations Denied

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 21.

No negotiations regarding rubber restriction are proceeding between British and Dutch Governments although British and Dutch rubber producers themselves holding discussions said Sir Cunliffe Lister when Sir Wardlaw Milne invited him to enlighten in the Commons on the situation Sir C. Lister added: moreover no request of any sort or kind for negotiations was received from the Dutch Government.

Bharlapur—Khan Bahadur Kazi Azimuddin Ahmed Bilgrami, B.A., LL.B. has been appointed a member of the Council of State, Bharatpur and will hold charge of Education and Police for the present. He took over charge on the 16th June. 1933.—A. P.

DRAW FOR WIMBLEDON

Fyzee Meets Quist And Hadi Will Meet Turnbull From Ireland

LONDON, June 21.

The following is the draw for Wimbledon:—

A. A. Fyzee meets Quist (Australia).

Hadi meets H. Turnbull (Ireland).

Vines meets Meredith.

Mrs. Wills-Moody meets Mrs. McReady.

SEEDED FOR WIMBLEDON

The following have been seeded for Wimbledon:—

MEN.—Vines, Crawford, Cochet Austin, Sutter, Perry, Satoh and Lee.

WOMEN.—Mrs. Wills-Moody, Miss Dorothy Round, Miss M. Scriven, Mme. Mathieu, Miss Helen Jacobs, Frl. Krahwinnel, Mademoiselle Jedrzejowska (Poland) and Mlle. Payot (Switzerland).

MIXED DOUBLES.—Maier and Mrs. Ryan, Borotra and Miss Nuthall, Hughes and Mrs. Moody, Farquharson and Miss Heeley.

MENS DOUBLES:—Borotra and Brugnon, Vines and Gledhill, Hughes and Perry, Farquarson and Kirby.

WOMENS DOUBLES:—Ryan and Mme. Mathieu, Miss M. Heeley and Round, Mlle. Sigart and Miss M. Scriven, Miss Nuthall and Mr. Whisttingstall.

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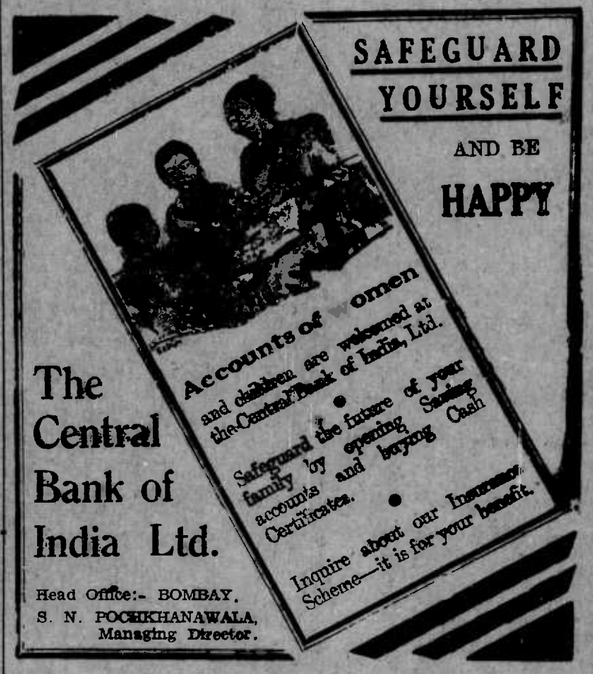
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DEPUTATION WAITS ON BHAWALPORE NAWAB

Firman For Concessions Issued

SIMLA, June 21.

The Superintendent of Bhawalpore Durbar, in the course of an official statement, says that a deputation of Hindu and Muslim notables waited on the Nawab of Bhawalpore and represented to His Highness that agitation of the local Hindu Sabha was inspired by external agencies. TheDeputationists assured His Highness of their loyalty and said that they had no sympathy for agitators who they believed were playing into the hands of the outside mischief-mongers. He added that both the Hindu and Muslim subjects had absolutely no grievances, nor did they countenance the fictitious demand of the Hindu Sabha whose representative character was challenged by the Hindu members of the Deputation.

The deputationists made an humble request to the Nawab to give his immediate attention to their representation. After the deputationists had withdrawn His Highness issued a firman ordering (1) the release of prisoners (2) the suspension of the operations of Hidayat provisionally for three months (3) the cancellation of the monopolies, when the present term expires, (4) the institution of the electoral system in Bhawalpore municipality as an experimental measure (5) consideration of the creation of a local bar and (6) consideration of the appointment of a Hindu Minister.

All prisoners have been released, and quiet has been reported. —A. P.

LEVYING HOUSE TAX IN SHIKARPUR

Citizens Send Another Protest To Minister

SHIKARPUR, (Sind) June 21.

Shikarpur citizens are much disturbed over the house tax quesion. They are anxious to see the Minister and explain the situation. The Minister has not ye. replied to the Panchayat Telegram of 6th June. Another Telegram was sent to the following effect in continuation of our Telegram of 6th June, there is a great deal agitation and excitement among Shikarpur citizens over the proposed of House and drainage tax. The Administrator has rushed proceedings violating legal procedure. Before the Government sanction administrator has issued notices of house tax against thousands of inhabitants. He has refused to hear objectors though he is bound by law. The Administration is sacrificing the municipal interests resulting in deficits. The deputation of Hindu Panchayat request an interview to discuss the whole question calmly and reasonably. Pray, fix date and kindly stay disposal of papers.

A similar telegram has been sent by Moulvi Chistee. President Khilafat Committee and Anjuman Isahit-E-Islam.

Karachi.—The outward airmail left at 8-30 on Wednesday morning with six passengers.—A. P.

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ASSEMBLY HALL FOR SIR PARASHRAM COLLEGE

Mr. Masani On Improvement In Educational System

POONA, June 20.

Monday last was a red-letter day in the history of the Sir Parashuram Bhau College when the new built Assembly Hall of the College was formally declared open by Mr. R. P Masani of Bombay. Mr. Masani recalled the selfless pioneering efforts of the first batch of college students for the educational advancement and social reform of the people of the Bombay Presidency and and said that the life-members of the "Shikshana Prasarak Mandali," who had consecrated their lives to the cause of education and who had during the past fifty years established magnificent institutions such as that college, were worthy successors of those early torch-bearers of knowledge and standard-bearers of reform.

He recalled a devate on female education in the Hall of the Elphinstone Institution eighty-five years ago when the members of the Students' Literary and Scientific Society passed and carried into effect a memorable resolution to promote female education by opening schools for girls and working as voluntary teachers. He also recalled the proceedings of a meeting held in 1852 of the citizens of Bombay in the Hall of the Elphinstone Institution at which the first political association in the Presidency was inaugurated, namely the Bombay Association, the precursor of the Bombay Presidency Association.

CONTRAST.

Contrasted with the spirit of fellow-feeling, the sense of solidarity and the desire for co-operation displayed by those pioneers of reform, the existing lack of unity and harmony in the country was most depressing. It was an anachronism that although the country had advanced in education primitive anti-social instincts and communal antipathies and caste-prejudice had led to conflicts between one section of the population and another. The same tendencies were at work all over the world. Despite all talk of internationalism, an epidemic of race antagonism, so to say, had spread over the surface of the earth. Economic reorganization of society was the immediate remedy, but without a stronger motive appealing to loftier human instincts and the mystical realisation of the same Self in all human beings, there was no hope of salvation for the human society. As a civic officer he was deeply sensible of the value of the spur of local sentiment and patriotism, but just as one's circle of interests and sympathies could not be bounded by self, so also one's circle of neighbourhood could not be bounded by municipal limits. The call of nationhood was stronger than that of civic and communal brotherhood and the call of human brotherhood transcended that of nationhood.

REPAYING THE DEBTS.

The members of the various organizations, who had dedicated their lives to teaching, were trying to repay the debt they owed to humanity past and present and in exhorting the students of the "Shikshna Prasarak Mandali" to continue to redeem the social debt in the same way. he pleaded for an organized system of uplift work for the masses by districts and neighbourhoods individuals and institutions linked together and functioning individually and collectively. not so much for liquidation illiteracy as for awakening the masses to their rights as well as their obligations as citizens.

ENGLISH STUDENTS.

Mr. Masani then informed the audience that the newly established Parsi Public Schools Society intended establishing shortly in Poona a school on the lines of the English Public Schools. As one of the members of the Board of Governors of the School. he had been studying the merits and demerits of the public school system in England which it was now-a-days a fashion to decry, but which. despite several defects, had much in it for Indian Educational Institutions to adapt with advantage. In giving a few words of advice to the students of the College. he extorted them to emulate some of the distinguishing characteristics of hundreds of youths of England who passed out, generation after generation, from the public schools, stamped to the core with the impress of a high standard of morality an uniform outlook on life and who distinguished themselves in the administration and professional and industrial enterprise of their mother-country and her her colonies and dependencies.

MR. MASANI'S HOPE.

Mr. Masani concluded with the hope that the students of College would make the fullest use of the new Hall and while furthering the work of the institution to which they belonged enhance its prestige and bring lustre to the name and fame of their historic city renowned for her cultural lore and traditions as well as for her high ideals of service and sacrifice, exemplified in the life work of many a devoted servant of India she had produced.

WATCH FOR
MAURICE CHEVALIER
IN
LOVE ME TO-NIGHT
THE GREATEST OF ALL

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

JUNE 21.

Homefield. James, Rangoon.
Gamaria, Cockburn. Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

JUNE 21.

Kota Inten, Schochingen, Calcutta.
Larchbank, Holebrook, Calcutta.
Ockenfels, Muller, Karachi.
Clan Macilwraith, McConish Marmagoa.

LOADING.

JUNE 21.

Steamer Aung ban for Rangoon.
Steamer Mooltan for Sydney.
Steamer Varsova for Busrah.
Steamer Gamaria for Karachi.
Steamer Homefield for Bidi Bunder.
Steamer Takliwa for Durban.

S S Homefield:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Homefield arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Rangoon. with a general cargo.

S S Gamaria:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Gamaria, arrived in harbour on Wednesday for Calcutta with a general cargo.

S S Kota Inten:—The Volkart Bros. steamer Kota Inten, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta. with a general and same bottom cargo.

S S Larchbank:—The T M Co's steamer Larchbank, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta. with same bottom cargo.

S S Ockenfels:—The L Edward Ltd., steamer Ockenfels, sailed on Wednesday for Karachi. with same bottom cargo.

S S Clan Macilwraith:—The J F Coy's steamer Clan Macilwraith sailed yesterday for Marmagoa, with same bottom cargo.

BHARAT SEVASHRAM SANGHA MEETS

The eighteenth annual meeting of the General Committee of the Bharat Seva-Ashram Sangha was held in the Head Office of the Sangha at P. 28, Rash Behari Avenue, Ballygunge, Calcutta, on the 13th of June, His Holiness Jagatguru Acharyya Sreemat Swami Pranabanadaji Maharaj, the founder-president of the Sangha, in the chair and almost all the Sannyasims and Brahmacharians and most of the lay members of the Sangha, coming from different Provinces, were present. Swami Vedananda, Joint Secretary to the Sangha read a review of the activities of the Sangha during the last session (from 14th April 1932 to 13th April 1933), clearly impressing upon the mind of the audience, present that the Sangha ultimately aims at the creation of an all-pervading moral and spiritual atmosphere throughout the country. which is decidedly the first and the foremost requirement for national emancipation of India, in any sphere; and showing how the philanthropic activities of the Sangha has been rapidly paving the way of moral and spiritual regeneration.

RELIEF WORK.

During the year under review, that is in the year 1932-33. the Sangha undertook, as usual, the relief works on the occasion of the "Car Festival" at Puri, the "Pitripaksha Mela" at Gaya, the "Annakut Mela" at Benares, the "Harihar Chhetra Mela" at Shonepur, the "Manda Mela" at Rajshah, the "Tornado-relief" in Khulna, the "Sinhasta Mela" at Ujjani and managed with admirable tactfulness the heavy rush of pilgrims; searched out and restored in our medical camps under expert physicians, protected the helpless people from oppression and ministered to the comforts of the pilgrims in the temple, at the bathing ghats, at the Railway stations and Dharmasalas.

Publications:—A good number of the publications of the Sangha in Hindi, English and Bengali have been sold and circulated throughout the whole country to bring about a moral and spiritual renaissance in the thought-world of the nation.

LONDON BULLION MARKET

Silver Outlook Uncertain

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. have issued the following report dated 31st May:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £185,988,667 on the 24th inst. as compared with £185,988,501 on the previous Wednesday.

Yesterday the Bank of England announced the purchase of £343,171 in bar gold.

In the open market a substantial amount of gold has been dealt with. Of the £800,000 offered yesterday about £500,000 was secured for a destination not disclosed. however the demand from the Continent continued and most of the supplies available during the week were taken by Continental buyers. but as regards prices the premium over franc parity has almost disappeared.

Quotations during the week:—

	Equivalent value per fine ounce	of £ Sterling
May 25th	122s/5d	13s/10.55d
May 26th	122s/6d	13s/10.44d
May 27th	122s/10d	13s/9.99d
May 29th	123s/3d	13s/9.43d
May 30th	123s/8d	13s/8.87d
May 31st	123s/10d	13s/8.65d
Average	123s/1.00d	13s/9.65d

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Gold registered from mid-day on the 22nd inst. to mid-day on the 29th inst.:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Germany	49,673
Netherlands	618,798
France	1,632,717
Switzerland	352,068
Iraq	19,639
Portugal	31,805
Egypt	186,131
United States of America	84,621
British South Africa	767,078
Peru	17,553
British India	1,218,831
British Malaya	36,505
Australia	58,556
Canada	200,820
Other Countries	37,274
	£5,312,068

EXPORTS.

	£
Germany	1,420
Netherlands	190,464
France	27,252
Switzerland	7,400
Italy	1,024,741
Other Countries	600
	£1,251,877

The S. S. "Narkunda" which sailed from Bombay on the 27th inst. carires gold to the value of about £557,000 of which £540,000 is consigned to London, £11,000 to Amsterdam and £6,000 to Marseilles.

The Southern Rhodesian gold output for April last amounted to 53,559 fine ounces as compared with 49,929 fine ounces for March 1933 and 46,487 fine ounces for April 1932.

SILVER.

The market has shown a steadier tendency. fluctuations in prices having been on rather a narrower scale. The week opened quietly, quotations easing slightly in the absence of demand but a recovery followed on a renewal of support from America and speculators, with the Indian Bazaars also inclined to buy.

Most of the supplies were from sales on Continental account but the higher prices attracted some selling by China. The market is still very uncertain although the tone appears quite steady at the moment.

The following were the United Kingdom Imports and Exports of Silver registered from mid-day on the 22nd inst. to-mid-day on the 29th inst.:—

IMPORTS.

	£
Soviet Union (Russia)	110,000
Germany	56,069
Netherlands	32,550
France	5,892
United States of America	5,062
Belgium	2,397
Egypt	3,900
Syria	3,200
Iraq	6,100
British India	27,053
Australia	11,328
Other Countries	5,365
	£268,916

EXPORTS.

	£
Germany	1,360
France	1,139
Yugoslavia	122,500
United States of America	32,780
Other Countries	755
	£158,534

Quotations during the week:—

IN LONDON.

Bar Silver per oz std.

	Cash delivery	Two Months' delivery
May 25th	18.11/16d.	18.3/4d.
May 26th	18.1/2d.	18.9/16d
May 27th	18.7/8d	18.15/16d.
May 29th	18.15/16d.	19d.
May 30th	18.15/16d.	19d.
May 31st	19.1/16d.	19.1/jd.
Average	18.833d.	18.896d.

IN NEW YORK.

(per ounce 999 fine)

May 24th	34.1/8 Cents
May 25th	33.13/16 Cents
May 26th	33.3/4 Cents
May 27th	34/7/8 Cents
May 29th	34.3/4 Cents
May 30th	Holiday.

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 25th inst. to the 31st inst. was dol. 4.02-3/4 and the lowest dol. 3.89.

The stocks in Shanghai on the 27th inst. consisted of about 136,400,000 ounces in sycee. 257,500,000 dollars and 6,960 silver bars as compared with about 141,400,000 ounces in sycee 255,000,000 dollars and 5,900 silver bars on the 20th inst.

OKHA PORT NEWS.

PORT OKHA, Bombay June 21.

S. S. City of Baroda (Line: Elerman's City and Hall Line; Agents: Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co.), arrived Okha Port on 19th instant with 600 tons cargo and left on 20th instant for Bedi Bunder with same bottom cargo. During the steamers stay at Port Okha an at home was held on Board to which all the principal merchants; resident and port officials were invited. A very pleasant afternoon with officers of the ship and passengers was spent.—A.P.

Current Quotations Of Indian Mill-Made Piece

The Millowners' Association, Bombay

Bombay, June 13.

Name of Mill	Trade No.	Trade Mark	Ex.mill price Rs. a.p. (per piece)
GREY LONGCLOTH.			
Bombay Dyeing		S-Quality	4 10 10
Burhanpur Tapti	3801	B T.M.	5 3 3
Coimbatore	78	Electric Light	6 8 0
Colaba Land	6	Horse	5 14 6
Currimbhoys	91-1/2	Mahal	5 7 3
Crown Mill	13-1/2	Kallamardhan	6 6 6
David Mill	1105	V-quality	4 14 9
Hindoostan	8705	Tigers	6 6 6
Jacob Sassoon		Char Minar	5 14 6
New Gt. Eastern	6	Horse and Umbrella	5 14 6
Rachael Sassoon	5303		5 15 9
Sholapur	1400		7 10 6
Western India	BBB13-1/2	Cocoanut Tree	6 6 6
GREY SHIRTING.			
Apollo Mill	3625	Pyala	5 10 0
Berar Mfg.	13-1/2 13-1/2	Pushpavati	5 15 0
Bombay Dyeing	136-1/2		5 10 0
Century	3625	Bugle	5 10 0
Century 12500 Man & Globe		(Narrow)	6 4 0
Century 15100 Man and Globe		(Wide)	7 3 0
Crown Mill	140-1/2	Tijori	6 1 6
Currimbhoys	1215	Dog	6 13 3
David Mill	404	S-quality	4 8 3
E. D. Sassoon	91-1/2 91-1/2		5 5 0
Edward Sassoon	6404	(Lightweight)	5 6 0
Framjee Petit	3625	Pehlwan	4 14 9
Framjee Petit (X-quality)		Varghoda	4 5 4 1/2
Framjee Petit	92-1/2	Parsee	5 3 3
New Gt. Eastern	1305	Lion Rampant	5 12 3
Phoenix Mill	3401	Turkish Lady	5 4 0
Tata Mill	335	Darji	5 10 0
Western India	140-1/2	Sundari	6 1 6
GREY SHEETING.			
Colaba Land	1300	Rising Sun	5 12 3
Manchester	MM1215		7 4 0
Victoria	111		5 11 3
Victoria	1111		4 10 6
GREY DOMESTICS.			
Colaba Land	12	Rising Sun	7 2 9
Crown Mill	1200	Tijori	7 8 0
Currimbhoys	10000	Post Box	4 12 6
New Gt. Eastern	1215	Cocoanut Tree & Lion	7 2 9
Swadeshi	34100	Kamal	15 8 0
Tata Mill	3503	Darji	12 6 3
GREY CHADAR.			(per pair.) Rs. a.p.
Ahm Advance	1406	(Plain) Bull	1 14 0
Ahm Advance	5055	(Twill)	1 9 6
Berar Mfg.	1115-XX	Tiger	1 5 3
Crown Mill	1215	Tijori	1 8 9
Currimbhoys	801	Mahal	1 4 0
Mysore Spg.	220	Two-Bird	1 6 9
Mysore Spg.	240	Two-Bird	1 11 0
Rachel Sassoon	5303	Hiraluxmi	1 9 0
Sholapur	245		1 5 3
Svedeshi	5050	Kamal	1 5 0
Tata Mill	650	Darji	1 9 0
GREY DRILL.			(per piece) Rs. a p.
Currimbhoys	12125	Tiger	4 10 3
Manchester	222		7 1 0
Victoria	4130-1/2		5 13 6
GREY DHOTIES. TH.			(per pair.) Rs. a.p.
Ahm Advance	1940	Bull (N.B.)	1 14 0
Ahm. (Saries)	1112	Ganga Utaran	Note quoted.
Berar Mfg.	219	Tiger (P.B.)	1 8 9
Bombay Dyeing			1 3 8
Burhanpur Tapti	4010	B.T.M.	1 9 3
Century	201-1/2	Swallow	1 9 6
Crown Mill	81/81	Tijori	1 7 6
Currimbhoys	61000	Mahal	1 12 0
Hindoostan	3144		1 8 0
Indian Mfg.	1899	Lady at Toilet	1 8 6
Jacob Sassoon	931	Shield	1 9 4
Khandeish	1438		1 4 9
Meyer Sassoon	3081	Apple (N.B.)	1 11 7
Mysore Spg.	MSM235	Two-Bird	1 0 6
New Kaiser-I-Hind	5593	Bharat Janani	1 2 6
Rachel Sassoon	501		1 2 0
Sholapur	4909		1 12 11
Svadeshi	3401	Kamal	2 0 9
Tata Mills	1386	Darji	1 14 0
Victoria Mill	140		1 4 0
Western India	2142	Western Mill	1 6 3

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Shaikh Memon Street.
BOMBAY, 2.

OTHER SIDE OF RESERVE BANK

Indigenous Banks Will Suffer And All Business Will Be Attracted By Imperial Bank, Says Mr. Pochkhanawala

SIMLA, June 17.

Expert view dealing with certain important aspects of the problem before the Committee which will discuss the question of Reserve Bank in London has been prepared by Mr. S. N. Pochkhanawala Managing Director, Central Bank of India, in the form of Memoranda. This has just been forwarded to members of the Reserve Bank Committee in London.

Mr. Pochkhanawala deals first with the question of how indigenous banks stand to suffer in view of the privileges intended to be given to the Imperial Bank and then propounds a scheme to convert the existing Imperial Bank into (1) The Imperial Reserve Bank and (2) The Imperial Bank of India Ltd.

Mr Pochkhanawala writes:—"At the request of some of the Members of the Select Committee recently appointed in connection with the Reserve Bank Bill I have drawn up this Note to invite their attention to certain disadvantages under which Indigenous Banks would have to work and to show how far the interest of these banks would suffer by the establishment of the Reserve Bank in addition to the Imperial Bank, which would continue to function invested with certain special powers and privileges that are proposed to be given to it under the new Reserve Bank of India Bill. I should, besides, be failing in my duty if I did not, at this juncture, make the Members of the Committee conversant with the changes that the banking structure of this country would undergo in the light of the proposed Reserve Bank Bill, and how far the interests and prospects of Indigenous Banks in India would be affected thereby.

I should mention at this stage that these Memoranda seek to give my personal views only, and these have been based on the assumption that a Bill somewhat similar to the last Reserve Bank Bill will be placed before the Committee for discussion and approved.

ALTERNATIVE SCHEME.

I have ealso been requested by friends to formulate a scheme whereby reforms pertaining to finance under the new constitution as contemplated, could be carried out at a minimum of expenditure and with the least difficulty, without the establishment of the new Reserve Bank and consequent additional burden on the tax-payer.

Very often, in well-informed circles, the question is asked whether or not it would be possible to transform the existing Imperial Bank of India, by eliminating its commercial banking departments in a way as would satisfy the public in general and the commercial community in particular, and the bank's own shareholders, into a body able to take the place of the Reserve Bank. My views on this subject are set out in Memorandum B.

Banking business in India, as constituted at present, may be divided thus:—

(1) Imperial Bank;
(2) Foreign Exchange Banks;
(3) Indigenous Joint Stock Banks;
(4) Co-operative Banks;
(5) Indian banks e.g., Sowcars, Multanis and Chettyars.

The interests of the Imperial Bank, Foreign Exchange Banks and Indigenous Banks are very closely interconnected, and, as matters stand, the latter are working at a great disadvantage. It is desirable, therefore, that proper safeguards should be introduced in the Reserve Bank Bill if Indigenous Banks are to assert themselves in the midst of keen competition which is sure to result from the establishment of the Reserve Bank.

With the advent of the Reserve Bank, Indigenous Banks would occupy in the banking group a position subordinate to the present. The Reserve Bank will stand the highest, acting as the Central Bank in the country and will remain in charge of its currency and note-issue. It will be a depository of Government funds, will control credit and act as the bankers' bank. If, under the Reserve Bank Bill, it is allowed to receive deposits at interest, make advances to the public and discount bills of parties other than banks, the business of the Imperial Bank and Indigenous Banks is bound to suffer.

INDIGENOUS BANKS.

It is the Imperial Bank with which Indigenous Banks will be vitally concerned under the Reserve Bank scheme. As soon as the Imperial Bank gets relegated to a secondary position through the establishment of the Reserve Bank, it would naturally endeavour to consolidate its position by removal of its existing restrictions and by securing all possible rights and privileges to be in a position to get all the business, at present confined to Indigenous Banks, by offering better terms. Indigenous Banking, therefore, would be faced with a situation difficult to meet, unless provided with proper safeguards. The Imperial Bank will, presumably, act as Agent to the Reserve Bank at places where the latter has no branches and will continue in charge of Government Treasuries at such stations, receiving compensation for this work from the Reserve Bank.

Advantageously placed as the Imperial Bank would be, it would attract a major portion of the local business of Indigenous Banks by offering better terms and extending greater facilities.

Due to restrictions imposed on it under the Act, the Imperial Bank of India, unlike other Banking Institutions, is debarred from transacting certain kinds of banking business. Owing to these restrictions, Indigenous Banks have a wide field of banking and are able to get a fair share of commercial and industrial business of the country. If the Reserve Bank be allowed to receive deposits at interest, make advances even against securities or discount bills of parties other than its Member-Banks, the business of the Imperial Bank and leading Indigenous Banks would considerably be impaired.

BANKING CONDITIONS IN INDIA

Banking conditions in India are different from those prevalent in other countries, and, therefore, demand special consideration. What may hold in other countries may not do for India. Mr. Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, prominently brought this fact out before the Royal Commission.

In no other counry to Foreign Banks have such a sway over the country's Import and Export business as in India, and perhaps in no country in the world does there simultaneously exist a Central Bank and a semi-Government Bank in the field to compete with smaller Indigenous institutions. To take an analogy, should there be established in London, besides the Bank of England, a Central Bank and a dozen other powerful Foreign Banks with branches all over the country to control the Import and Export business of the United Kingdom, and should the Bank of England, as Agent to the Central Bank, be extended certain rights and privileges and allowed to establish branches all over the country and set free to do all kinds of banking business, it would be easy to imagine the plight that the indigenous institutions would be reduced to, in spite of their great strength and solidarity.

The Imperial Bank now enjoys a monopoly of having funds of public bodies deposited with it only in certain Provinces. With the establishment of the Reserve Bank it is possible that the monopoly may be extended to other provinces as well, and, with the support of the Reserve Bank, it might render impossible for Indigenous Banks to obtain deposits from corporate bodies like municipalities, and the Port and Improvement Trusts.

LETTER QUOTED

The following extract from a letter from one of the Provincial Governments explains the situation, and will, I hope, make the Members of the Committee realise its gravity:—

"With reference ..... I am directed to say that the Government (Ministry of Local Self-Government) have on several occasions recently had under consideration questions relating to the deposits of Municipal funds in private Banking Institution, and have with some regret reached the conclusion that it is impossible for Government to authorise such deposits in any Banks other than the Imperial Bank or the Co-operative Banks established under Co-operative Societies Act 1912. The main reason that has influenced the Government in arriving at this conclusion is that if Government once agreed to deposit in any Bank other than the Banks named above, it would be impossible to say where the line should be drawn."

It seems the financial advisers to the said Government cannot determine the merits of Banking Institutions Indigenous and Foreign, other than the Imperial Bank of India.

Under the Reserve Bank Bill, if the Scheduled Member-Banks be required to deposit 7½ per cent. of their demand liabilities and 2½ per cent. of their fixed deposits with the Reserve Bank, it would bring in a sum of about Rs. 3 crores from Indigenous Banks alone, with loss of interest thereon to them.

In all Central Banks of the world these deposits are considered as a nucleus of their general resources which would enable them to control the credit situation. In the Reserve Bank Bill it has been proposed to lend Rs. 3 crores free of interest to the Imperial Bank wkhich would mean indirectly handing over the entire deposits of the Indigenous Banks to the Imperial Bank and enable it to compete further with the same Indigenous Banks in their business. It would not be surprising, therefore, if the Imperial Bank, with these formidable advantages, succeed in ousting Indigenous Banks, monopolising to itself sole banking business in different parts of the country. Even now Idigenous Banks suffer to a great extent from competition put up by the Imperial Bank, and, except in big cities and towns, branches of Indigenous Banks are unable to make any headway against it.

The trade and industry of every country thrives through the help of Indigenous Banks, which form an important entity in its banking system. It is but proper, therefore, that indigenous banks in India should play the same prominent part, and to enable them to do so their interests should be adequately protected by proper safeguards in the Reserve Bank Bill.

The following are a few suggestions in this direction:—

(1) The Reserve Bank should be allowed to act as the Bankers' Bank, and not enter into competition with scheduled Member-Banks.

(2) It should open accounts and receive Call-Deposits free of interest.

(3) Term deposits may be allowed from Scheduled Member-Banks only.

(4) It should discount Bills bearing endorsements of Scheduled Member-Banks only, to the extent of 50 per cent of their Paid-up Capitals and Reserves.

(5) The Discount Rate of the Reserve Bank for Member Banks should be 1 per cent under the official Bank Rate. (As is well known, the Bank Rate in India is not identical with the Discount Rate, but represents the Rate at which the Imperial Bank makes advances and Pdl.—A. P.

against gilt-edged securities.)

(6) The Reserve Bank should not appoint any Bank as its Agent, but should open its own offices at necessary centres to manage Government Treasuries. At smaller centres it should entrust the Treasury work to Member Banks against adquate securities and at competitive rates.

ADVANCES.

(7) The Reserve Bank should make advances against securities to Scheduled Member-Banks only at a unform rate of 1 per cent under the official Bank Rate, so that the margin in their favour may enable them to make advances at Bank Rate to their constituents.

(8) The Reserve Bank should treat the Scheduled Member Banks alike and no special facilities or privileges or preference of any kind be accorded to any particular Member-Bank.

(9) The Scheduled Member-Bank should deposit in cash with the Reserve Bank 5 per cent of their demand liabilities under Call and Current Accounts deposits, 3 per cent of Sovings Bank Accounts deposit and 1-1/2 per cent of Period deposits.

(10) The Deposits may be placed by the Member-Banks as may suit them at Head Office or at any of the Branches of the Reserve Bank.

(12) The Reserve Banks should sell Telegraphic-Transfers throughout the country at par to Scheduled Member-Banks.

(13) The Reserve Bank should buy T. T.'s or Drafts of Scheduled Member-Banks at part, com against demand and term liamensurate with their deposits bilities. (Clauses 12 and 13 are essential for the protection of Indigenous Banks, as otherwise they would be entirely at the mercy of the Imperial Bank and Foreign Banks for such remitances and drawings to and from their Head Offices and Branches in different parts of the country.)

(14) The Reserve Bank should be invested with powers similar to those allowed to the Imperial Bank under the Imperial Bank of India Amendment Act, 1924 to enable it to help sound banking concerns in cases of emergency.

(This is of vital importance for the protection of Indigenous Banks.)

(15) The Imperial Bank should be registered under the Indian Companes Act.

IMPERIAL BANK'S CONTRACT.

The term of ten years of the Imperial Bank's contract with Government having expired, an extension has been granted without charging, in the interests of tax-payers, any premium for facilities and privileges they enjoy from Kovernment and for the free use of their funds. In the Bill of 1927 the unexpired term of four years of hteir contract was a serious consideration in the minds of those responsible for

HOW ICE IS HANDLED IN BOM BAY CITY

Who Can Wonder If Typhoid And Enteric Flourish

Much attention has been devoted to the butter-adulteration problem in Bombay. There are other evils which equally demand attention. For example the handling of ice in the city is a disgrace and a reproach which would not be tolerated for long by people, who take a pride in cleanliness.

Ice is a commodity used by all classes and it is a wonder that nobody has protested against the filthy way in which it is handled by vendors. After leaving the numerous factories cartmen take delivery of the ice which is deposited on the road before it is covered with saw dust, kept lying in the roadway.

This saw dust is often spat on by people who use the road, mangy dogs roll in it, and cats and hens foul it. In Cochin Street which is known as the Lepers' Walk, this saw dust is trampled by lepers with festering wounds.

These revolting scenes have made many people give up the use of ice altogether.

Enteric and typhoid fever is very common in Bombay, and it is not to be wondered at when ice is handled in such a disgusting manner. The Municipal, Bye-Laws are flouted daily by certain ice-vendors, who are ignorant of the laws of hygiene, and do just as they please.

The photograph published with this article, will convey an idea of the way ice is handled. The saw dust can be clearly seen on the road beside an ice van as also canvas for wrapping the ice. At a little distance a leper woman is seen seated on the ground.

HOSTEL FOR POOR MUSLIM STUDENTS

Aligarh University Old Boys' Nice Work

ALIGARH, June 20.

The Aftab Hall of the Muslim University, Aligarh, consisting of 80 electrified single-seated rooms has been specially built by the Old Boys' Association t(o enable poor but brilliant Muslim students to prosecute their studies in a proper atmosphere. The charges (inclusive of tuition fee, food, medical attendance, service, &c.) have been reduced to an absolute minimum, and are as follows:—

Intermediate Rs. 20/8.
B.A. Rs. 22-8.
M.A. Rs. 24-8.
LL.B. & M.A. Rs. 29/8;
LL.B. Rs. 24-8.
Ph.D. Rs. 24-8.

All students are expected to apply themselves to their work with unremitting industry and to lead a life of severe Spartan simplicity. Congregational prayers are compulsory. No luxuries are tolerated. Reasonable concessions will be given to brilliant students according to their needs. Only first and second divisioners will be admitted. Applications giving detailed account of the students' previous career and the help (if any) which he needs should reach the Provost on or before July 4, 1933.

B.B.C.'S £10,000 ORGAN.

The cost of the B.B.C.'s new organ, installed in the concert hall at Broadcasting House, London was approximately £10,000. It has 2,382 pipes and 150 electric shops, and is so equipped that the organist can play it in a studio remote from the concert hall by means of a duplicate console. A loud-speaker in the studio will enable him to hear his own recital exactly as it is received by listeners.

AMRAOTI PHYSICAL TRAINING CAMP

Certificate Awarding Ceremony

(From Our Correspondent)

AMRAOTI, June 20.

Dr. L. J. Lokardekar D.P.E. (Berlin) in the course of his presidential address given before ficates awarding ceremony of the Physical Training Camp conducted by the Lokamanya Vyayam Shala at Akot, laid much emphasis on scientific physical trainig allied with a course of primillinary military training and denounced the old methods of acrobatic physical feats.

The Doctor further pointed out the supreme necessity of establishing a Territorial Force in this province for imparting military taining and exhorted the councillors to move in this respect as urgently as possible.

C. P. LAWYERS' RANKS SWELL

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, June 20.

The C. P. and Berar Judicial Administration (Civil) Report for the Calendar year 1932, shows that the total strength of the Bar further increased from 1552 to 1637. The relation between the Bench and the Bar continued to be cordial. Five complaints of unprofessional conduct were lodged during the year of which two were rejected and three remained pending. Two pleaders were struck off the roll and three barristers and 19 pleaders were suspended for taking part in the Civil Disobedience.

Important Notice

THE proprietors of Odol Tooth Paste and Mouth Wash wish to inform the public of India that all agents distributing Odol have been supplied with Odol Tumblers free of cost to themselves, so that every purchaser of a large size tube of Odol Tooth Paste, or of the Mouth Wash should receive a Tumbler free of charge with each and every purchase. **The price of Odol is the same as heretofore and any extra charge is entirely unauthorised.**

We are also authentically informed that some dealers are endeavouring to sell these Tumblers instead of giving them away; others are refraining from giving the Tumblers so that they can be sold when the free gift offer has expired.

All Odol customers are requested to notify the proprietors if any difficulty is experienced in obtaining a free Tumbler, giving the name and address of the dealer concerned.

Postage will be refunded.

Insist on a free gift Tumbler with your Odol purchase.

(Signed) E. J. Smith (*Managing Director*),

Cranbux, Ltd., Norwich, England.

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1933

U. S. ANXIOUS FOR RESTORATION OF GOLD

Pitman's Resolution Is Backed By Entire U. S. Delegation And Is Result Of Lengthy Washington Talks

LONDON, June 20.

It is now made clear that a portion of Senator Pittman's resolution adopted by the Monetary Sub-commission No. 2, this morning, was a statement that international monetary stability should be attained as quickly as possible and gold re-established as a international measure of exchange value. The remainder of the resolution was referred to the Silver Sub-Committee.

RESULT OF LENGTHY CONFERENCE.

While Senator Pittman's resolution was presented on behalf of the entire United States Delegation, and had been approved by President Roosevelt, it was introduced with the understanding that it might be subject to certain amendments and reservations, according to an official in the United States Delegation. The resolution is a result of several weeks' conference at Washington, with the representatives of various Governments; and the United States Delegation hoped that the Governments would co-operate as quickly as possible to reach an agreement on the principles set forth.

Senator Cordell Hull has predicted that the Conference would last 30 or 40 days.—Reuter's Special.

TERRIBLE POLICY

Bruce On Restriction Of Production

LONDON, June 20.

"To restrict production as a suggested measure to wrestle with the economic problems seems a terrible policy to Australia to accept," said Mr. Stanley Bruce in an outspoken speech, which was loudly applauded at the Economic Commission. He added that the great objective should rather be an increase of world's purchasing power. He recognised, however, that temporary control might be necessarf on some commodities, and Australia was prepared to face this.

Mr. Colijn, chairman, said that the Sub-Committee would study the desirability of restriction of products, and would mainly have to consider wheat.—Reuter's Special.

U. S ACTIONS MISUNDERSTOOD

Complaint Of Senator Cordel Hull

LONDON, June 20.

The complaint that actions of the American delegation at the Economic Conference is constantly misconstrued, and their time taken up in correcting wrong impressions made Senator Cordel Hull, the head of the Delegation, to-day. He declined to say whether he would return to America when Professor Moley arrived in London. The fact that Prof. Moley, who said he will be replacing Mr. Hull, is an isolationist, while Mr. Hull is known a internationlist, is interesting the view of Couzen's statement made yesterday that America must choose between nationalist and internationalist programme—Reuter's Special.

MOLEY TALKS WITH ROOSEVELT

Conveying To London President's Views

NEW YORK, June 21.

A picturesque meeting at sea on board the yacht "Amber Jack" took place between President Roosevelt and Prof. Moley. The latter flew in a seaplane to the yacht and back.

Prof. Moley received President Roosevelt's instructions regarding the World Economic Conference while the President sat at the wheel navigating the vessel.

The President's Secretary stated: Prof. Moley would stay in London only a week to convey the President's views and then return to give the President full information regarding the conference.—Reuter.

WELCOME MERGER

Rajkumar College And Wadhwan School

RAJKOT, June 19.

Consideration was given at a meeting of the Talukdars of the Western India States Agency held at Wadhwan Camp on June 17 to the desirability or otherwise of bringing about a coalescence of the Talukdari Girasia School of Wadhwan camp and the Rajkumar College of Rajkot.

The consensus of opinion in Kathiawar is overwhelmingly in favour of retaining the Rajkumar College which has, since its inception in 1870, maintained its traditions of sound culture provided nearer home for those Rajkumars of Gujrat and Kathiawar who were for some reason or other, unable to avail themselves of the public schools at Eton, Rugby, Harrow and Winchester.

NEED FOR MERGER.

The need for merging the Wadhwan Talukdari Girasia school in the Rajkot Rajkumar College has arisen in consequence of the decline in the number of Rajkumars availing themselves of the Rajkumar College and the discontinuance of the annual Government grant of Rs. 10,000 and the yearly deficit of about Rs. 14.000. It is accordingly held that if the Rajkumar College is to be continued the coalescence of the Wadhwan Talukdar Girusia school with the Rajkumar College would enhance efficiency of the Rajkumar College, calculated to attract a larger number of Rajkumars than have at present been coaxed into attendance and reduced expenditure per student are imperatively called for.

It is a sign of happy augury for the future of the Rajkumar College that the resident boarders of the Suryashram at Amroli have decided to find accommodation at Rajkot in a Kahli annexed to be added to the Rajput Boarding House at Rajkot.—A. P.

MANGALORE SENSATION

Khadi Bhandar Manager Commits Suicide

(From Our Correspondent.)

MANGALORE, June 17.

A sensational scene was enacted this morning near the local branch of the A. I. S. A. Khadi Bhandar in Kodayalbail. The manager of the Khadi Shop, Mr. Aithappa Gatti, was found hanging by a rope in a room above the khadi shop building.

The police and other Government servants came, and searched the body when a letter was found in the pocket, purporting that he himself had committed suicide by hanging after eating opium, and that he had no malice against any one, and that no other man was responsible for his action.

It further stated that the key of the Khadi shop (A. I. S. A.) must be handed over to Mr. Karnad Sadasivarao and that he had informed to the Head Office at Hubli also.

His brothers and relatives removed his body, after permission was given for cremation, and no post-mortem examination was held.

Mr. Karnad Sadasivarao suggested that the key of the shop might remain with the police until the Hubli Office people came to take charge of it which was agreed to.

It would appear that the deceased was with his friends till 1 p.m. in the previous night and attended a cinema show. After the show though friends asked him to go to sleep with them, it seems he refused and went away. The deceased is a family man with three children. His loss is very much felt by the public. Great sensation prevails.

SUB-INSPECTOR A GANGSTER

Iron Safe Breakers Extend Scope Of Activity To Four Provinces.

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

For being the members of an alleged conspiracy to commit burglaries, ten persons including a sub-inspector of police, were committed to the Sessions by the Magistrate of Jaunpur.

The case is known as inter-provincial case of Iron Safe Breakers. Four accused belong to the United Provinces and the rest to Behar.

The accused, it is alleged, formed a gang to commit burglaries, some being specialists in opening safes. About 40 burglaries, it is alleged were committed in Bengal, Behar, United Provinnces and Central Provinces. The booty is valued between three and four lacs.

Committing the accused to the Sessions, the Magistrate remarked that the gang was a formidable, one, and its members had been systematically robbing numerous citizens of India of their hard-earned wealth for a long time.—A. P.

FATAL FALL FROM TRAIN

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

An Indian lady, whose name is not given, is reported to have fallen out of 82 down Parcel Express, near Gazibad, on the night 16th. She sustained serious injuries and subsequently died. The deceased had confessed before her death, that she felt sick and leaned out of the window to vomit, when she lost her balance and fell out.—A. P.

ENTENTE BETWEEN IRAQ & BRITAIN

Hope Of King George To King Feisal

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 20.

The hope that close and fruitful relations between Britain and Iraq should be maintained and strengthened was expressed by the King when King Feisal was entertained at a state banquet at Buckingham Palace.

King Feisal replied in appropriate terms of the valuable guidance which his country had constantly received from the British representatives in Iraq.

LONDON POLICE APPOINTMENTS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 21.

The King has approved of the appointment of Lieut.-Col. P. R. Laurie, Assistant Commissioner, Metropolitan Police in succession to Major Mourice Tonlin, retired.

Brigadier J. Whitehead, Chief Constable, succeeds Lt.-Col. Laurie as Deputy Assistant Commissioner, and J. R. Nottbower, Indian Police, succeeds Brigaier Whitehead as Chief Constable.

VARNASHRAM COMMITTEE

Reaches Badrinath To Take Evidence

(From A Correspondent.)

BADRINATH, June 20.

The Badrinath Transfer Commission appointed by the All-India Varnashram Swaraj Sangh, after a long and ardous journey reached Badrinath Dham this morning at 2 a.m. The Commission was received at the outskirts of the town by the students of Badrishkirti Sanskrit Pathashala and distinguished citizens including Pt. Brijmohan Sharma and Pt. Ghanashyam Sharma Vakil. It has been announced through posters and beat of drums that the Commission will sit for taking evidence from 21st to 24th instant.

Mr. Shankarrao Binewale, aged 24, who belongs to a Sardar family, will be shortly proceeding to Europe to make a comparative study of music, oriental and occidental, and to popularise Indian music in the West.

CLOUDBURST NEAR LIVERPOOL

Square Mile Of Streets Flooded

WATER RISES 8 FEET

Hundreds Marooned In Bed-Rooms

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, June 21.

A violent storm, accompanied with a cloudburst, broke out at Bootle, Liverpool, last night, wherein a square mile of streets was flooded. A youth was swept off his bicycle and drowned. When torrents of rain descended the streets it was high water in the river Mersey, and sewers were unable to empty themselves. Water mounted streets to a height of eight feet and marooned hundreds of people in their bedrooms. It brought traffic to standstill before the floods began to subside at midnight.

NORTH KANARA LEADER ARRESTED

For Detying District Collector's Orders

(From Our Own Correspondent).

DHARWAR, June 17.

Mr. Thimmappa Sreenivasa Nayak, B.A., a leader of Sirsi in North Canara District was arrested and taken to Karwar. There he was served with a notice, on 2nd instant signed by the Collector, through the Jailor, informing him that he should forthwith go to Supa (a very malarial place) and stay there. Further, it stated that, he must report himself before the Police twice a day and that he should not do any act in furtherance of the Civil Disobedience movement.

Mr. Nayak sent a reply by post to the Collector saying that he was not going to do anything in furtherance of the Civil Disobedience movement, so long as it was suspended by the President of the All-India Congress Committee and that regarding the removal of himself to Supa and reporting himself before the Police twice day, he stated that the notice was most humiliating and hence he could not comply with that part of the notice.

Later, the news has been received here that Mr. T.S. Nayak has been arrested.

NAGPUR POLICE RAID 200 HUTS

Seize Gold Ornaments Believed To Be Stolen

NAGPUR, June 21.

In view of the marked increase in crime in the City, the District Police officers and party of police carried out a successful raid. On about 200 huts of the poor situated near Kamptee Road. Vigorous search was made early this morning lasting for the hours and the party seized a large quantity of gold and silver ornaments suspected to be the stolen property.

No arrests were made.—A. P.

DECRIERS TO PILLORY

Enthusiastic Nazis Erect Five Feet Frame For Anti-Hitlerites

BERLIN, June 21.

Nazis of Weringerode have erected in the market square a five-feet of high pillory in which they propose to place citizens found guilty of spreading "lies about Hitler and other members of Government or the Nazi policy."

DRIVE AGAINST NAZIS WITH VENGEANCE

Hitlerites In Innsbruck Give Up Swastika

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

VIENNA, June 20.

Drastic police measures have been adopted in towns of lower Austria following the ban on Nazi activities throughout Austria, and the proclamation of Martial Law at Krems, Mautern and Stein.

While Martial law is officially described as merely an extension of ordinary Police powers Krems resembles a town in the war zone. Doors must be closed at eight o'clock in the evening, and cafes at nine o'clock. Groups are not allowed the assemble in streets, and transgression of any anti-Nazi ordinances punishable with fine or imprisonment.

Nazi uniforms are forbidden, and Hitlerites in Innsbruck are wearing black white and red rosettes instead of the Swastika badge.

PROTEST AGAINST MORATORIUM

New York Banks Oppose It As Injurious To All Credits In Germany

NEW YORK, June 21.

New York banks have cabled, Dr. H. Schacht declaring that the moratorium was unwarranted, unjustified and injurious to the public and private credit in Germany.—Reuter.

(A previous Reuter's message, dated Berlin June 8th, on the subject, reads as under.

"A general moratorium has been declared on all credits given to Germany before July 1931, because, Dr. Schact declares, Germany's present financial position is caused by the bank crisis of that date. He assures that foreigners will be made as far as possible on the credits granted to Germany after July 1931."

NAGPUR MILLS LOCKOUT

Labour Leader Advises Workers To Buy Looms

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, June 20.

In connection with the refusal of the Local Government to appoint a Conciliation Board to enquire into the Model Mills lockout on the ground that there is no "trade dispute". Mr. Raghunath Gufle, the President of the Kashtakar League, Nagpur has issued the following press statement:—

"The position confronting the workmen is one of Hobson's Choice. The workers must club together to buy handlooms and Kisans must refuse to purchase Indian Cloth made out of foreign cotton."

Mymensingh.—On hearing the illness of his son, Surendra Mohan Ghose, a State prisoner in the Rajmohundry Jail, Babu Kaminimohan Ghose has sent a telegram to the Superintendent of the Jail, enquiring about the present condition of the young man.—A.P.

Ghoulish Dissection Of Woman

Body Found With Hide Torn Off And Lungs And Liver Missing, Head And Rest Of Body Packed In Bundles. Culprit Still Untraced

A murder that would baffle even the ingenuity of a Sherlock Holmes has been committed in the city during the last 48 hours.

The victim is a woman, about 45 years old, and the way in which the body has been dismembered, surpasses the methods of Jack the Ripper in ghoulishness, which racked the brains of the Chiefs of Scotland Yard, many years ago.

The City Police who came to know of the murder on Wednesday morning were mystified at the way the murder had been committed. The perpetrator of the crime has not left even a single clue behind, on which the police could build their theory and work on.

"It is a very difficult case and we must put all or hearts into it if we are to succeed in tracing the culprit," said the Chief of the Crimes Branch to his assistants after half an hour's conference with them.

GRUESOME FIND.

On Wednesday morning at 8-30 a sweeper found a gunnybag just in the middle of the road on 13th Lane, Khetwadi.

When he opened it he found to his surprise that it contained human bones and flesh without the head.

As soon as he discovered this, people round about gathered near the gunnybag and while they were looking at it, the sweeper found another bundle tied in green cloth, about 26 paces away, from the place where the gunnybag was lying.

On opening it, he found a human skull.

POLICE INFORMED.

By this time, a police constable, who was on his rounds, came to the place and on finding what the matter was immediately informed the Lamington Road Police Station.

Immediately Deputy Inspector B. D. Savant with some constables rushed to the scene, got both the body and the head removed to the morgue, and informed his higher officials about the crime.

Deputy Commissioner Wilkins, Superintendent Hurst and Inspectors Wagle and Clines repaired to the Morgue and examined the body.

POLICE OFFICIALS MYSTIFIED

The heads of the C.I.D. were mystified at the way in which the murder had been committed. The murderer had removed all the skin from the body excepting a little which alone gave the clue that determined the sex. The skin and hair over the head also had been cleverly removed.

POST MORTEM.

At the post-mortem examination held by Dr. Nunan, it was found that the heart, lungs, intestines and the kidney were missing. There was not a drop of blood present nor were the green cloth and the gunnybag stained with blood. After a thorough examination the doctor was of opinion that the woman must be about 45 years old. It is believed that the murder was committed nearly 48 hours before the find.

WORK OF ONE MAN?

The perpetrator, as it is believed to be the work of only one man, is believed to have brought the body from somewhere during early hours of morning and placed it on the road. This is based on the fact that only a portion of the gunny-bag that was touching the ground was wet and the other portions were dry. If the body had been thrown earlier, the whole gunny bag and green cloth would have been wet due to rains.

NO CLUES.

The police could not find any foot-steps or car marks that could give them a clue.

It is believed that the murder has been committed not in Khetwadi, but in a place within the radius of one mile from the place where the body was found. There is nothing to show that it was committed by somebody nearabout. On the 13th Lane, there are a few Parsis living and on the other side is the Congress Free Hospital.

WORK OF ONE MAN?

Looking to the way in which the murder has been committed, it is believed, it is the work of a man, who is an expert in that art—perhaps a butcher. It is also believed that he might be a surgeon.

The belief that it is the work of only one man is based on the fact that some flesh, and other heavier portions of the body had been removed to facilitate the removal of the body by one individual.

JEALOUSY AND REVENGE AT BOTTOM?

Everybody at the Police Headquarters states that a murder of this type has never occurred before in the city, and probably in India. What is baffling the Police more is, to find the motive of the murder separating the heart, lungs, intestines and kidney from the body. Why should he skin the whole body including the head, leaving only a little portion giving the clue to determine the sex? That it is not an ordinary murder, but a murder prompted not only by murderous intent but jealousy and revenge?

Probably for the first time the Deputy Commissioner and his Assistants, Inspectors Wagle and Dyer were in conference for nearly half an hour and discussed the case.

"BIG ONES" PUT THEIR HEADS TOGETHER.

It is understood that the "Big ones" of the Bombay Police were completely puzzled at this new phenomena in the history of Bombay crime, that they could not strike any clue helpful to the unravelling of this mystery murder. It is possible, the Police will meet in more conferences and it will require a lot of cudgelling of their brains before they lay their hands on the culprit, or the 'hidden hand' of this dastardly outrage.

INDORE MILLS DEADLOCK ENDS

Indore Dewan Intervenes With Success

INDORE, June 21.

Indore Workers and Agents of four mills agreed to accept Rai Bahadur Bapna's decision and Hukamchand, Kallyanmal, Malwa and Swadeshi mills resumed work. All old workers will be re-instated. No victimization shall take place. Pending the decision workers will get 50 per cent advance of old wages including dearness allowance. The Rajkumar Mills question is pending and the strike continues. Old workers demand justice. Workers are firm and peaceful.

Allahabad.— A trolley was knocked down between Bindachal and Mirzapur by the Bombay Mail and Head Mistry, Permanent Way, EIR and a cooly were instantly killed.—A.P.

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